



# **JPAC Ltd Out of School Club**

## **Data Protection Policy**

At JPAC Ltd Out of School Club we respect the privacy of the children attending the Club and the privacy of their parents or carers, as well as the privacy of our staff. Our aim is to ensure that all those using and working at JPAC Ltd Out of School Club can do so with confidence that their personal data is being kept secure.

Our lead person for data protection is Diane Proudfoot. The lead person ensures that the Club meets the requirements of the GDPR, liaises with statutory bodies when necessary, and responds to any subject access requests.

### **Confidentiality**

Within the Club we respect confidentiality in the following ways:

- We will only ever share information with a parent about their own child.
- Information given by parents to Club staff about their child will not be passed on to third parties without permission unless there is a safeguarding issue (as covered in our **Safeguarding Policy**).
- Concerns or evidence relating to a child's safety, will be kept in a confidential file and will not be shared within the Club, except with the designated Child Protection Officer and the manager.
- Staff only discuss individual children for purposes of planning and group management.
- Staff are made aware of the importance of confidentiality during their induction process.
- Issues relating to the employment of staff, whether paid or voluntary, will remain confidential to those making personnel decisions.
- All personal data is stored securely in a lockable file / on a password protected computer
- Students on work placements and volunteers are informed of our Data Protection policy and are required to respect it.

### **Information that we keep**

The items of personal data that we keep about individuals are documented on our personal data excel spreadsheets. The personal data spreadsheet is reviewed annually to ensure that any new data types are included.

*Children and parents/carers:* We hold only the information necessary to provide a childcare service for each child. This includes child registration information, medical information, parent contact information, attendance records, incident and accident records and so forth. Our lawful basis for processing this data is fulfilment of our contract with the child's parents/carers. Our legal condition for processing any health-related information about a child, is so that we can provide appropriate care to the child. Once a child leaves our care we retain only the data required by statutory legislation and industry best practice, and for the prescribed periods of time. Electronic data that is no longer required is deleted and paper records are disposed of securely.

*Staff:* We keep information about employees in order to meet HMRC requirements, and to comply with all other areas of employment legislation. Our lawful basis for processing this data is to meet our legal obligations. Our legal condition for processing data relating to an employee's health is to meet the obligations of employment law. We retain the data after a member of staff has left our employment for the periods required by statutory legislation and industry best practice, then it is deleted or destroyed as necessary.

### **Sharing information with third parties**

We will only share child information with outside agencies on a need-to-know basis and with consent from parents, except in cases relating to safeguarding children, criminal activity, or if required by legally authorised bodies (eg Police, HMRC, etc). If we decide to share information without parental consent, we will record this in the child's file, clearly stating our reasons.

We will only share relevant information that is accurate and up to date. Our primary commitment is to the safety and well-being of the children in our care.

Some limited personal information is disclosed to authorised third parties we have engaged to process it, as part of the normal running of our business, for example in order to take online bookings, and to manage our payroll and accounts and HR support via EL Direct. Any such third parties comply with the strict data protection regulations of the GDPR.

### **Subject access requests**

- Parents/carers can ask to see the information and records relating to their child, and/or any information that we keep about themselves.
- Staff and volunteers can ask to see any information that we keep about them.
- We will make the requested information available as soon as practicable, and will respond to the request within one month at the latest.
- If our information is found to be incorrect or out of date, we will update it promptly.
- Parents /carers can ask us to delete data, but this may mean that we can no longer provide care to the child as we have a legal obligation to keep certain data. In addition, even after a child has left our care we have to keep some data for specific periods so won't be able to delete all data immediately.
- Staff and volunteers can ask us to delete their data, but this may mean that we can no longer employ them as we have a legal obligation to keep certain data. In addition, even after a staff member has left our employment we have to keep some data for specific periods so won't be able to delete all data immediately.
- If any individual about whom we hold data has a complaint about how we have kept their information secure, or how we have responded to a subject access request, they may complain to the Information Commissioner's Office (ICO).

### **GDPR**

We comply with the requirements of the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR), regarding obtaining, storing and using personal data.

## **A Safeguarding Myth-Busting guide to information sharing**

***Sharing information enables practitioners and agencies to identify and provide appropriate services that safeguard and promote the welfare of children.***  
***Below are common myths that may hinder effective information sharing.***

- **Data protection legislation is a barrier to sharing information**  
No – the Data Protection Act 2018 and GDPR do not prohibit the collection and sharing of personal information, but rather provide a framework to ensure that personal information is shared appropriately. In particular, the Data Protection Act 2018 balances the rights of the information subject (the individual whom the information is about) and the possible need to share information about them.
- **Consent is always needed to share personal information**  
No – you do not necessarily need consent to share personal information. Wherever possible, you should seek consent and be open and honest with the individual from the outset as to why, what, how and with whom, their information will be shared. You should seek consent where an individual may not expect their information to be passed on. When you gain consent to share information, it must be explicit, and freely given. There may be some circumstances where it is not appropriate to seek consent, because the individual cannot give consent, or it is not reasonable to obtain consent, or because to gain consent would put a child's or young person's safety at risk.
- **Personal information collected by one organisation/agency cannot be disclosed to another**  
No – this is not the case, unless the information is to be used for a purpose incompatible with the purpose for which it was originally collected. In the case of children in need, or children at risk of significant harm, it is difficult to foresee circumstances where information law would be a barrier to sharing personal information with other practitioners.
- **The common law duty of confidence and the Human Rights Act 1998 prevent the sharing of personal information**  
No – this is not the case. In addition to the Data Protection Act 2018 and GDPR, practitioners need to balance the common law duty of confidence and the Human Rights Act 1998 against the effect on individuals or others of not sharing the information.
- **IT Systems are often a barrier to effective information sharing**  
No – IT systems, such as the Child Protection Information Sharing project (CP-IS), can be useful for information sharing. IT systems are most valuable when practitioners use the shared data to make more informed decisions about how to support and safeguard a child.

Source Data Protection . A Toolkit for Schools 2018 Dept Ed

Policy Updated July 2023