Since October 7th, Israeli security forces and settlers have killed 218 Palestinians in the West Bank (Palestinian Authority Ministry of Health). Additionally, more than 1000 adults and children, were forcibly driven from their homes following settler violence (OCHA).

**Number of violent incidents:** 225

**Number of affected towns and villages:** 93

**Monday, November 20th**

- **Khirbet Mneizel:** Settlers attacked an elderly community resident when he was on his way back to his home. They beat him and injured his head.
- **Khirbet a-Tuba (Masafer Yatta):** Settlers who came from the direction of an outpost located near the Ma'on settlement, invaded the community compound, they destroyed food intended for animals and cut water pipes.
- **Shi'ib al-Butum:** Settlers invaded the community, destroyed a living room belonging to one of the residents and uprooted 40 olive trees. In another incident, settlers destroyed two water tanks used by the community's school, uprooted 30 olive trees belonging to a resident and destroyed part of the fence on his plot.

**Friday, November 17th**

- **Kufr a-Dik:** Settlers invaded private land, vandalized the land, broke and cut down olive trees.
- **Turmus'a'y'a:** Settlers protected by soldiers attacked, threatened with ammunition and drove away harvesters in the village lands that do not require coordination. The settlers threatened the harvesters that they would kill them if they returned to the

*This document does not include all incidents of harm to Palestinians by Israelis in the West Bank, they are limited to cases documented by Yesh Din.*
land. In addition, the settlers stole agricultural equipment and the olive crop of the harvesters.

- Qawawis: Settlers invaded the agricultural lands of the residents, brought in their flock of sheep and grazed them on the land and destroyed a number of trees and a fence on the plot.

Thursday, November 16th

- A-Thawla (Sadat a-Thawla, Masafer Yatta): Settlers cut a pipe that supplies water to the community.

Tuesday, November 14th

- A-Sawiya: Settlers, in the presence of the military security coordinator of the Rehelim settlement, cut down dozens of olive trees in the residents' lands near the settlement.

Monday, November 13th

- Shi'ib al-Butom: Settlers attacked a house of a resident of the community, broke a door, the windows, a solar panel, destroyed a greenhouse and several trees.

Sunday, November 12th

- Wadi Jheish (South Hebron Hills): Settlers invaded the community and destroyed the wind turbine, part of the energy network, and also knocked down the community’s internet shelter, thus turning off the internet services in the area and in the nearby communities: Susia, Khirbat a-Nabi, and Khirbat Ghawen.

- Khirbet Jib’it: Settlers who came from the direction of Mal’ache HaShalom outpost caused a lot of damage to the property of the residents who left the place due to the threats of the settlers and the military in early October. The settlers destroyed tents, solar panels and other equipment, and stole property.

- A-Tawani: Two masked settlers, armed with long weapons and dressed in military uniforms, who arrived in a vehicle without a license plate, entered a school in the village, threatened residents and allegedly tried to take down a Palestinian flag. The residents called the police and the Israeli military to report the invasion. When reservists arrived, the two settlers left the scene.
Saturday, November 11th

- A-Tawani: Armed settlers accompanied by a soldier known to the residents as a settler from the area, prevented the Palestinian residents from harvesting olives. The soldier was filmed handing his weapon to one of the settlers.

- Sinjil: A settler who was identified by local residents as a settler living in the area, grazed his herd of cows on private lands of Palestinian residents in the Ras al-Aqaba area. At the same time, the military prevented the town’s residents from reaching their lands and harvesting olives.

- Sinjil: Settlers forcibly evicted farmers from the Al-Ma’sharia area. They stole their olive crops, agricultural equipment and a car belonging to one of the farmers.

- Al-Mughayir: With the backing of the military, a settler known to the residents from the Mal’achi HaShalom outpost grazed his cows into the agricultural land of the residents and caused agricultural damage. At the same time, the military prevented the residents from reaching their lands and harvesting olives.

- Al-Mughayir: Settlers took over agricultural land belonging to the villagers, they cut down dozens of olive trees and leveled the land with an excavator.

Friday, November 10th

- Kisan: In the day after a settler attack on the residents of the village, settlers and their children marched with Israeli flags on the main road leading to the village and shouted “May your village burn” at the residents when they were accompanied by military and police forces.

- A-Tawani: Settlers destroyed a pipeline and damaged the village's water infrastructure.

- Qaryut: In the presence of soldiers, settlers stole olives, destroyed, and broke olive trees in the village lands.

Thursday, November 9th

- Kisors: Metiniden tunu genclik vitim ve şubesim eziy bimpesi.

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- Kisors: Metiniden tunu genclik vitim ve şubesim eziy bimpesi.
• Qaryut: Settlers were recorded stealing olives and breaking olive trees in the village.

• Kufr Qaddum: Farmers who went to harvest their plots of land found that settlers had destroyed about 300 olive trees.

• Kisan: Settlers in the presence of the military attacked the villagers and fired live ammunition at them. Several residents were injured. The military blocked the entrance to the village and thus prevented all residents from leaving the village.

• Kisan: In another incident that night, settlers in the presence of the military returned and attacked the villagers and their homes. The military stood by while the settlers threw stones at the residents.

Wednesday, November 8th

• Bruqin: A group of settlers attacked two farmers who were working on their land on the northern side of the village near the settlement of Bruchin. They threw stones at them and beat them with sticks and clubs. One of the farmers sustained injuries, and the other suffered head injuries, they were taken to the hospital.

• Kufr a-Dik: Settlers stole 10 sheep belonging to residents. In addition, the military expelled farmers from their lands in the town.

• Qaryut: Settlers attacked harvesters in the village lands in area B. In addition, settlers erected a barrier of rocks in the village lands to prevent harvesters from reaching their lands and fired live ammunition at those approaching the makeshift barrier.

Tuesday, November 7th

• Qawawis: Settlers from the Chavat Talia outpost invaded the community houses and conducted a search, stealing water pipes and a water pump. This after in another incident where settlers came to a resident’s house and vandalized cars.

Monday, November 6th

• Deir Nidham: Settlers took over agricultural lands owned by the villagers, carried out work with a bulldozer and uprooted about 60 olive trees.
Burin, Huwara: Settlers burned olive trees in agricultural plots between the villages of Burin and Hawara.

Sunday, November 5th

• Kafr A-Sheikh: The settlers entered the village accompanied by soldiers. They attacked farmers while they were harvesting. They prevented them from working, drove them off the land and prevented them from taking their olive crops with them.

• Qawawis: Soldiers and settlers attacked farmers while they were harvesting. They prevented them from working, drove them off the land and prevented them from taking their olive crops with them.

• Qusra: Farmers who went to harvest their plots of land in coordination with the military found that settlers have destroyed about 500 olive trees and did not leave a single tree standing. The settlers paved a road through the agricultural lands of the village.

• Qusra: In another incident, settlers took over the village lands that are near the village of Duma where an olive garden has been located for over a decade, and carried out work there using a bulldozer.

• Deir al-Hatab: Settlers attacked olive harvesters in the village lands. They drove them off their land and threatened them not to return to the land to harvest.

Saturday, November 4th

• Be’alib al-Batoom: The settlers entered the village accompanied by soldiers. They attacked farmers while they were harvesting. They prevented them from working, drove them off the land and threatened them with death if they returned to the plots in the Khan area.

• A-Luban a-Sharqiyya: Settlers attacked farmers during the harvest, they stole the olive crops and threatened to kill the farmers if they returned to the plots in the Khan area.

• Burqa (Nablus): Settlers fired live ammunition at farmers while they were harvesting olives in the village’s lands.

Friday, November 3rd

• Shev Al-Botom: The settlers attacked the village while farmers were working. They threatened the farmers with death if they returned to the plots in the village.

• Haris al-Khalil: The settlers attacked the village while farmers were working. They threatened the farmers with death if they returned to the plots in the village.

• Al-Mardura al-Kabila: The settlers attacked the village while farmers were working. They threatened the farmers with death if they returned to the plots in the village.

• Kafr A-Sheikh: The settlers entered the village accompanied by soldiers. They attacked farmers while they were harvesting. They prevented them from working, drove them off the land and prevented them from taking their olive crops with them.

• Qawawis: Soldiers and settlers attacked farmers while they were harvesting. They prevented them from working, drove them off the land and prevented them from taking their olive crops with them.

• Qusra: Farmers who went to harvest their plots of land in coordination with the military found that settlers have destroyed about 500 olive trees and did not leave a single tree standing. The settlers paved a road through the agricultural lands of the village.

• Qusra: In another incident, settlers took over the village lands that are near the village of Duma where an olive garden has been located for over a decade, and carried out work there using a bulldozer.

• Deir al-Hatab: Settlers attacked olive harvesters in the village lands. They drove them off their land and threatened them not to return to the land to harvest.
• Shi'ib al-Butom: Settlers in the presence of a soldier, attacked Palestinian farmers and foreign activists who were harvesting olives. The settlers threatened them not to harvest, took 3 phones from the activists and broke another phone after they noticed that they were being filmed.

• Shi'ib al-Butom: In another incident, settlers invaded the home of a resident of the community, expelled his children from their home and destroyed the contents of the house.

• Beit Lidd: Settlers sabotaged the water infrastructure in the area and cut off the water supply to about 8,000 residents of the town. When the town employee tried to get to the system to repair the damage, soldiers threatened him with firearms and forced him to leave the place.

Thursday, November 2nd

East of A-Taybah: In the presence of the military, settlers invaded the shepherding community, fired live ammunition, beat residents, and stole a car belonging to one of the residents and his whole herd of sheep. Following the attack, several families in the community left the place.

• Al Mughayir: Settlers from the direction of Mal'ache HaShalom outpost (one of them, a known settler from the outpost) let their herd to graze on the lands of the residents in the Marj al-Dahab area, east of the village, and destroyed more than 250 olive trees.

• Qaryut: Settlers threatened residents with leaflets scattered in the agricultural lands of the village. According to the text: the settlers will burn the olive trees if the farmers arrive in the area to harvest.

• Near the Jit intersection: Settlers burned olive trees.

• On the road close to Jit: Settlers in the presence of soldiers, ambushed Palestinian vehicles and pelted them with stones.

• Deir Sharaf: Dozens of settlers attacked the village in the presence of soldiers, they set fire to vehicles, businesses and fields.

Wednesday, November 1st

• Ras Karkar: Settlers took over lands in the village and carried out work there using a tractor.

• Shosh-hala: Settlers attacked the village and destroyed ancient buildings of historical importance.
Deir Istiya: Settlers took over land in the al-Qa’da area of the town and placed caravans there.

Tuesday, October 31st

Deir Dibwan: Settlers set up 4 tents on private lands owned by Palestinians in the city.

Monday, October 30th

Shi’ib al-Butom: Settlers cut an electrical cable inside a house.

Khirbet a-Tuba (Masafer Yatta): Settlers attacked the house of a widow who lives with her children separately from the community compound. They broke windows, cut a cable that supplied electricity to her house and caused a temporary disconnection of the entire electrical system. The community reconnected the electrical system. The settlers left the area and went down to a-Safai a-Tehta.

Khirbet a-Safai a-Tehta (Masafer Yatta): During a settler attack on local communities. Settlers set fire to several houses in the village. The Israeli police and military did not arrive at the scene to stop the attack, even though many activists informed them about it.

On the road between Arab al-Ka’abneh and Al-Mu’arrajat: Settlers hung the Israeli flag in a school and threatened the residents that if they took it down they would burn down the school.

Sunday, October 29th

Al-Khader: The Military Security Coordinator of the settlement Elazar prevented the residents from reaching their lands. One of the residents reported that the settlers prevented them from reaching their land and even threatened to kill them if they tried.

Wadi Jheish (South Hebron Hills): Settlers attacked the community, beat one of the residents and threatened to kill him if he did not leave the place.

Susya: Settlers attacked the community, beat two residents, wounded them and threatened to kill them if they did not leave the place.
Saturday, October 28th

A-Sawiyah: During a settler attack on olive harvesters, a settler fired live ammunition and killed Bilal Muhammad Saleh who was hit in the chest.

Friday, October 27th

Khirbet a-Tuba (Masafer Yatta): During the night, settlers attacked infrastructures belonging to the community. They punctured 12 water tanks, containing more than 10,000 liters of water. In addition, they disconnected the electricity lines in the house of a widow who lives with her children away from the main complex.

Al-Jawaya (South Hebron Hills): Settlers destroyed water and the electric infrastructure of a water pump, stole the pump, cut down about 100 trees and destroyed agricultural irrigation lines.

Sarra: Settlers attacked harvesters in the village lands. They fired live ammunition and wounded one of the harvesters.

Burin: Settlers invaded agricultural land, close to the intersection of Yitzhar on Highway 60, and stole the crops. Yesh Din contacted the police to stop the crop theft, but the police did not come. The settlers left the place with the stolen goods.

A-Luban a-Sharqiyya: Settlers in the presence and backing of soldiers attacked harvesters in the village, stole their equipment and olives and expelled them from the land.

Thursday, October 26th

A-T’alleh (Saddat a-T’alleh, Masafer Yatta): Settlers cut off the water supply to the village and threatened to kill the residents.

A-Shu’ayrib: Three settlers armed with clubs, batons and other weapons robbed a 30-year-old Palestinian man and injured him.

A-Jab’ Yitzhar: Settlers attacked harvesters in the village and stole their equipment and olives.

A-Me’arich a-Biyd (South Hebron Hills): Settlers invaded agricultural land, close to the intersection of Yitzhar on Highway 60, and stole the crops. Yesh Din contacted the police to stop the crop theft, but the police did not come. The settlers left the place with the stolen goods.

A-Luban a-Sharqiyya: Settlers in the presence and backing of soldiers attacked harvesters in the village, stole their equipment and olives and expelled them from the land.
On highway 60, between the Kfar Etzion and Efrat settlements: A settler shot at a Palestinian’s car that was parked on the side of the road. The car was damaged but the driver was not injured.

East of A-Taybah: Following ongoing settler violence, 6 families dismantled their tents and left the land they lived on. Upon leaving the place, settlers put cows in the abandoned land.

Deir Jarir, A-Taybah: Settlers attacked harvesters and forcibly expelled them out of the land. Two harvesters were injured.

Wednesday, October 25th

Burin: Settlers cut down olive trees on the village lands and stole the crops.

Tell: Settlers attacked harvesters and injured 3 of them in the presence of soldiers. In addition, they stole equipment and olive crops.

Qusra: Settlers attacked harvesters in the village lands.

Deir Istiya: Due to the incitement against the residents in settler social media groups, a group of settlers attacked farmers while they were picking olives. The police and the military were present at the scene and did not stop the attack.

Deir Istiya: In another incident, settlers threatened residents with leaflets calling on Palestinians to leave for Jordan to avoid a second Nakbah, this time in the West Bank.

Al-Marahin Al-Beed (South Hebron Hills): Settlers grazed their sheep on the residents’ lands, which led to the destruction of dozens of olive trees.

A-Tha'la (Sadat a-Tha'la, Masafer Yatta): Settlers cut a water infrastructure that supplies water to the community and threatened to kill the residents.

Al-Ein al-Baydah (South Hebron Hills): Settlers destroyed more than 200 olive, almond and grape plants. They sabotaged the irrigation pipes, broke a water tank used by the community and stole a water pump and electrical equipment belonging to one of the residents.

On highway 60, between the Kfar Etzion and Efrat settlements: A settler shot at a Palestinian’s car that was parked on the side of the road. The car was damaged but the driver was not injured.

East of A-Taybah: Following ongoing settler violence, 6 families dismantled their tents and left the land they lived on. Upon leaving the place, settlers put cows in the abandoned land.

Deir Jarir, A-Taybah: Settlers attacked harvesters and forcibly expelled them out of the land. Two harvesters were injured.
Shlom'ah, Monday - October 24th

Settlements, one of whom was identified as Michael Shama, invaded the town's land and brought about 18 cows into agricultural land, which led to the destruction of many olive trees. The settlers placed a trough in the area.

Arab A-Zweidin (South Hebron Hills): Armed settlers invaded a Palestinian-owned olive grove with their flock of sheep. The settlers threatened the residents with weapons, threw stones at them and wounded a small child in his legs.

Khirbat Um-Thret, near Shi'ib al-Butom: Settlers beat a resident and his son. Following the attack, the two were taken to the hospital by ambulance. The attack took place against the background of repeated threats and attacks by the settlers in the area against the members of the community.

Ras Karkar: A settler hit a Palestinian vehicle and then fired live ammunition at the vehicle. Three of the occupants of the vehicle were severely injured and taken to the hospital.

Talfit: Settlers attacked the village and set fire to a house.
Monday, October 23rd

- Wadi Jheish (South Hebron Hills): Settlers destroyed an agricultural fence, disconnected water pipes and stole the water pump and the filters under the community’s water tank.
- A-Rashaideh: A settler grazed his herd in the agricultural lands of the village and caused damage to the olive trees in the olive plot.
- Al-Khader: Settlers destroyed an agricultural building belonging to a local resident, and stole the fence that surrounds the plot in the al-Hadaf area.
- Shi‘ib al-Butom: Settlers took over a water well and set up tents on the residents’ land.
- Near Bruin: A settler fired live ammunition at a Palestinian vehicle that was driving close to the Barkan settlement. The driver was not injured.
- Turmu’ayya: Settlers accompanied by soldiers chased harvesters who were picking olives in the village lands located in area B.
- Burin: Settlers took over Palestinian-owned agricultural land and carried out work such as leveling the land and uprooting olive trees.

Sunday, October 22nd

- Ras al-Tayyib (Bethlehem): Settlers and soldiers prevented Palestinians from leaving their agricultural lands in areas that do not require coordination with the army.
- Dir al-Jirar: Settlers fired live ammunition into the air in order to scare farmers and their families during harvesting.
- Yaisuf: Settlers attacked the village and burned several vehicles. Later, the settlers occupied an agricultural field belonging to the village, burned and chopped olive trees, and cut off the electricity and water supply of one of the residents.
- Southeast of Bethlehem: Settlers razed the building materials of a family in the village of Dir al-Balah in area B.
- Am‘arin: Settlers attacked security forces, drove them away and prevented them from moving. In addition, settlers occupied an agricultural field belonging to the village, chopped and uprooted olive trees, and cut off the electricity and water supply of one of the residents.
- Ghor al-Chal: Settlers burned the headquarters of a folk house.
- Susiya: Settlers stole two water wells and cut off water pipes in the possession of the residents.
- Hamas: The settlers burned down the headquarters of the association cordoning off the homes and burnt them.
- Al-Amari: The settlers destroyed the headquarters of the association cordoning off the homes and burnt them.
Ras Karkar, Karbatha Bani Hareth, Umm Safa, Deir Ammar: Settlers and soldiers prevented residents from going out and harvesting in their agricultural lands in areas that do not require coordination with the military.

Deir Jarir: Settlers fired live ammunition into the air in order to evict farmers and their families during harvest time.

Yasuf: Settlers attacked the village and burned a large number of vehicles.

Huwara: Settlers invaded the town at night, shot at houses, and set fire to vehicles. Later the settlers played loud music in the center of the town while they celebrated and danced.

Khirbat Um-Thret, near Shil‘ib al-Butom: Settlers who came from the direction of the Avigail settlement attacked the community and stole a water pump and agricultural equipment. In addition, they broke olive trees and vines, and cut the electricity and water lines of one of the residents.

East of Bethlehem: Settlers destroyed a family’s building materials in the Burijiya community in area B.

Immatin: Settlers attacked harvesters, chased them away and prevented them from harvesting olives in their land. In addition, the settlers took over agricultural land belonging to the village, cut down olive trees and paved a road.

Jorat al-Kheil: Settlers from the direction of the Asfar settlement burned property belonging to the residents.

Susya: Settlers stole two water pumps and cut water pipes owned by residents.

Al-Makhrou (west of Beit Jala): Settlers took over agricultural land in the area and carried out work to expand an outpost.

Khirbet Zanuta: Settlers broke a solar panel and threatened the community that they must leave within a few days. The entire community left and took their systems with them on November 2nd.

Qaryut: Settlers attacked and drove out harvesters. They then stole the harvesters' equipment and olives.
• Qaryut: In another incident in the village, a settler threatened harvesters and attacked them. The settler and soldiers prevented farmers from harvesting in area B.
• Burin: Settlers attacked, drove away harvesters and stole agricultural equipment.
• Deir Istiya: An armed settler attacked a farmer picking olives in the area leading to the settlements of Yakir, Nofim and Chavat Yair. The military security coordinator of the Yakir settlement attacked a resident of the town, beat him and put a knife to his neck while he was lying on the ground. Soldiers who came with the settler threatened the resident to leave the place. Later, another resident was attacked by the military and the settlers after he refused to leave his land.
• Yasuf: Settlers violently attacked harvesters, firing live ammunition and wounding two harvesters who were hit by the gunfire. Soldiers were present at the scene and did nothing to stop the attackers.
• Yanun, Aqraba: Settlers and soldiers violently expelled olive harvesters. The soldiers used gas grenades.
• Far'ata, Turmus’ayya, Jalud, Qusra, Sijnjil: Settlers in the presence of soldiers, attacked harvesters in their agricultural lands, in areas far from outposts or settlements.
• Talfit: In the presence of soldiers, settlers attacked harvesters, drove them out by force and stole agricultural equipment.
• Qabalan: Settlers together with soldiers attacked harvesters and stole equipment and olives.

Friday, October 20th

• Qaryut: In another incident in the village, a settler threatened harvesters and attacked them. The settler and soldiers prevented farmers from harvesting in area B.
• Burin: Settlers attacked, drove away harvesters and stole agricultural equipment.
• Deir Istiya: An armed settler attacked a farmer picking olives in the area leading to the settlements of Yakir, Nofim and Chavat Yair. The military security coordinator of the Yakir settlement attacked a resident of the town, beat him and put a knife to his neck while he was lying on the ground. Soldiers who came with the settler threatened the resident to leave the place. Later, another resident was attacked by the military and the settlers after he refused to leave his land.
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• Talfit: In the presence of soldiers, settlers attacked harvesters, drove them out by force and stole agricultural equipment.
• Qabalan: Settlers together with soldiers attacked harvesters and stole equipment and olives.

Thursday, October 19th

• Qaryut: In another incident in the village, a settler threatened harvesters and attacked them. The settler and soldiers prevented farmers from harvesting in area B.
• Burin: Settlers attacked, drove away harvesters and stole agricultural equipment.
• Deir Istiya: An armed settler attacked a farmer picking olives in the area leading to the settlements of Yakir, Nofim and Chavat Yair. The military security coordinator of the Yakir settlement attacked a resident of the town, beat him and put a knife to his neck while he was lying on the ground. Soldiers who came with the settler threatened the resident to leave the place. Later, another resident was attacked by the military and the settlers after he refused to leave his land.
• Yasuf: Settlers violently attacked harvesters, firing live ammunition and wounding two harvesters who were hit by the gunfire. Soldiers were present at the scene and did nothing to stop the attackers.
• Yanun, Aqraba: Settlers and soldiers violently expelled olive harvesters. The soldiers used gas grenades.
• Far'ata, Turmus’ayya, Jalud, Qusra, Sijnjil: Settlers in the presence of soldiers, attacked harvesters in their agricultural lands, in areas far from outposts or settlements.
• Talfit: In the presence of soldiers, settlers attacked harvesters, drove them out by force and stole agricultural equipment.
• Qabalan: Settlers together with soldiers attacked harvesters and stole equipment and olives.
• Sinjil: Settlers attacked a car belonging to a resident of the town when he was driving near the Shiloh settlement. They threw stones at him and punctured the vehicle’s tires.

• Khirbat a-Radeem (South Hebron Hills): Settlers attacked the village, injuring an elderly resident.

• Masafer Yatta: Groups of settlers stormed Maghayir al-Abeed and Tajamu’ a-Safa. The settlers invaded the houses, carried out searches accompanied by the military and caused damage to property.

• Arab A- Zweidin (South Hebron Hills): Settlers damaged the fields of the residents in the area.

• Shi‘ib al-Butom: Settlers invaded the area and attacked the residents and their property.

• A-Tha’la (Sadat a-Tha’la, Masafer Yatta): Settlers invaded the area, threw stones at the houses, injured residents and damaged property.

• Khirbat a-Safai a-Tehta (Masafer Yatta): Settlers invaded the area and threatened the local residents.

• Tuqu’: Settlers took over agricultural land on the outskirts of the town. They carried out measuring and planning work, and paved roads using bulldozers.

• Hebron: Settlers attacked and threatened the residents of the city. Settlers prevented the city’s residents from leaving their homes.

• A-Tawani: Settlers grazed their sheep on the residents’ lands while soldiers guarded them.

Wednesday, October 18th

• Zarqa al-Khun: Two residents aged 21 and 25 were killed by settlers. The residents were killed in their homes.

• Masafer Yatta: Settlers inflicted damage on homes and vehicles, injuring a young resident.

• Khirbat al-Dair: Over 40 settlers attacked a man driving near the residence, injuring him.

• Buraq: Settlers took a car belonging to a man and threw stones at him, injuring him.

• Al-Mazar: Settlers attacked the area and damaged property, injuring a man.

• Buraq: Settlers attacked the area and caused damage to vehicles.

• Al-Tawani: Settlers grazed sheep near the residents’ lands while soldiers guarded them.
Turmus'ayya, Hares, and Al-Mughayir: Settlers took over agricultural lands and worked them to build roads and expand outposts.

Sinijil: Settlers continued to take over agricultural land in the town. They used bulldozers to pave a road connecting the settlement of Ma'ale Lavona to the Marj Arzel plain.

Qusrah: Settlers took over agricultural land on the southern side of the village. They built a fence with barrels filled with dirt and stones.
**Tuesday, October 17th**

- South Hebron Hills: Settlers from the direction of "Talia Farm" outpost attacked the villages of Khirbat Mghayir, Susia, Wad Jahish, and Al-Badia.
- Sinjil: Settlers paved a road in the agricultural lands of Sinjil that connects the settlement of Ma’aleh Lavona to the surrounding area. Additionally, a settler took over a tent belonging to a town resident on the town’s farmland.
- Burin: Settlers cut down and stole the crops of olive trees.
- Hares: Settlers cut down olive trees and leveled agricultural land that belongs to Palestinians.
- Deir Istiya: Settlers stole olives, this is in the context of repeated attacks by settlers in the same area since September 16th, 2023. In addition, settlers occupied the olive fields with animals and attacked an agricultural estate, where an elderly farmer, his children, sheep, and cows live. When the farmer and his children confronted them, the settlers returned with the military. The military arrested the farmer’s sons and took them to a nearby outpost handcuffed. They were attacked by the settlers while handcuffed.

**Monday, October 16th**

- Yibirt al-Awali (Dorm for the Betrothed): Settlers from the direction of outpost Khirbat al-Wadi (South Hebron Hills) destroyed and vandalized the residents’ property.
- Wadi a-Seeq: Settlers and soldiers harassed local residents while they dismantled their equipment and their homes to escape the violence.

**Sunday, October 15th**

- Birka ( nieuwe): Settlers from the direction of outpost Talia Farm destroyed and vandalized the residents’ property.
- Wadi a-Seeq: Settlers and soldiers harassed local residents while they dismantled their equipment and their homes to escape the violence.
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Saturday, October 14th

- Burqa (Nablus): Armed settlers attacked a family that was harvesting olives. The settlers stole the family's phones and equipment.
- Route 60: Settlers from the direction of the outpost Homesh threw stones on the main road, and several vehicles were damaged.
- Tuq': Settlers destroyed agricultural buildings on the town's land. The settlers blocked the agricultural road and prevented Palestinians from reaching their livestock and agricultural lands.
- Khirbet al-Mufaqarah (Masafer Yatta): Settlers coming from the direction of the outpost Talia Farm attacked houses, destroyed and vandalized the residents' property.
- Beitar Illit settlement: Settlers violently attacked a Palestinian worker in a grocery shop.

Friday, October 13th

- Burin: Settlers cut down dozens of trees on the village lands, and attacked houses in the village.
- Tell (Nablus): settlers attacked Palestinian harvesters, later soldiers arrived on the ground and expelled the harvesters from the place.
Silat a-Dhar: Settlers from the direction of the outpost Homesh rolled burning tires at houses in the village and caused property damage. The settlers also set fire to agricultural fields.

Qabalan: Armed settlers and soldiers fired live ammunition at houses.

A-Tawani: A settler shot one of the local residents who was on his way to the mosque for Friday prayers.

Khirbet Umm Safa (South Hebron Hills): Settlers coming from the direction of the outpost Talia Farm attacked houses, destroyed and vandalized the residents’ property.

Thursday, October 12th

Wadi a-Seeq: Settlers backed by soldiers raided the community compound, shot into the air, attacked and drove out the remaining residents as well as Israeli activists who stayed there and tried to protect the residents while they dismantled buildings and equipment and loaded them onto trucks. According to Haaretz, the soldiers and settlers kidnapped three Palestinian residents and some of the Israeli activists. They then subjected them to severe physical abuse, which included beatings, cigarette burns and attempted sexual assault.

Khirbet a-Radeem (South Hebron Hills): Settlers destroyed the entire compound of the first family of the community who had to leave due to settler violence. The settlers destroyed a lot of property including the family’s solar panels and water system. In another incident, settlers broke solar panels and cut a water tank belonging to other residents; In addition, settlers shot at a water tank and cut off the water supply to the community.

Jab’a: Armed settlers attacked harvesters and expelled them from the land.

Yasuf: Settlers ran over and vandalized olive trees with ATVs.
Huwara: Settlers attacked a pizzeria, later the military came and destroyed the place. After the demolition, the military informed the District Coordination and Liaison that the pizzeria will be closed for 5 months.

Oubaidiah: Settlers destroyed agricultural rooms in the area.

A-Sawiya: Settlers entered the village, fired live ammunition, set fire to vehicles and damaged property. Police were present at the scene and didn’t stop them.

Turmus’ayya: Settlers attacked Palestinian vehicles at the Turmus’ayya intersection and the entrance to Turms’ayya.

Tuqu’: Settlers closed the agricultural roads using piles of dirt near Beir Farash and prevented the farmers from going to their lands east of Tuqu’ as a preventive measure before the olive harvest season.

Jit: Armed settlers are attacked harvesters. The settlers reached the houses in the village. They kidnapped one of the harvesters, beat him, and took him towards Chavat Gila’d. The military later retrieved the harvester.

Qusrah: Settlers blocked the road near Qusrah in the presence of the military, and started firing live ammunition. The settlers attacked ambulances and a convoy of cars at the funerals of the Palestinians who died the day before. The Red Crescent called out for help, a young man and his father were killed.

Wednesday, October 11th

Marda: Settlers attacked Palestinian harvesters with live ammunition.

Yasuf: Settlers blocked the agricultural roads.

Al Mazra’a Al Qabaliya: Settlers cut down olive trees.

Wadi A-Seeq: The members of the community began to leave their homes and were forcibly evicted from the place following the violence of the settlers that has been increasing since October 7th. Some residents tried to return to the place to retrieve their property and were violently prevented to do so - out of 36 solar home systems belonging to families in the community, only 6 were retrieved.

Jalud: Settlers entered the village, fired live ammunition.

Qusrah: Armed settlers invaded the village and were recorded shooting and throwing stones at the village houses. Later military forces joined in the attack. As a result of the attack, four Palestinians have been killed, apparently by armed settlers.

Deir Abu Ibzi’: Armed settlers attacked the village with live ammunition According to witnesses at the scene, soldiers joined later.

Tuesday, October 10th

Marda: Settlers attacked Palestinian harvesters with live ammunition.

Yasuf: Settlers blocked the agricultural roads.

Al Mazra’a Al Qabaliya: Settlers cut down olive trees.

Wadi A-Seeq: The members of the community began to leave their homes and were forcibly evicted from the place following the violence of the settlers that has been increasing since October 7th. Some residents tried to return to the place to retrieve their property and were violently prevented to do so - out of 36 solar home systems belonging to families in the community, only 6 were retrieved.

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Deir Abu Ibzi’: Armed settlers attacked the village with live ammunition According to witnesses at the scene, soldiers joined later.
Khirbet al-Mufaqarah (Masafer Yatta): Settlers attacked a house in the community, vandalized solar panels and punctured water tanks.

Fara'ata: settlers attacked shepherds and injured one of them.

Sa'ir: settlers attacked a family with seven children, set tents on fire, and stole more than 160 sheep.

Ras Karkar: Settlers attacked the village lands and cut down trees, despite the calls to the military and the police, the authorities did not come.

Al Mu'arrajat: A Palestinian driver was attacked by settlers who shot at him. The driver managed to escape.

Hebron: Settlers from the direction of the Kiryat Arba settlement shot at the Palestinians who live in Jabal Johar and Jabal Jares.

Yanun: Settlers attacked harvesters. According to initial reports they used live ammunition. There were no casualties, the harvesters fled to the village.

Masafer Yatta: Settlers from the direction of the outpost Talia Farms blocked all entrances leading to Masafer Yatta and Al Badia.

Monday, October 9th

Shin, ה-9 לאוקטובר

All villages: settlement fences have been strengthened, and new segments have been added.

At 10 am, settlers set fire to two houses in the community.

At 11 am: settler stones were aimed at the vector of the Al Badia village.

In the afternoon: settlers used live ammunition.

Settlers fired at the city houses and seriously injured a 12-year-old boy.

In the evening: settlers used live ammunition.

Masafer Yatta: settlers aimed at the city houses and caused damage.

B Anderson.
• Al-Janoub: Settlers burned two houses belonging to the residents of the community. Families whose homes were burned had to leave on October 10. The other families in the community left on November 1st.
• Al Mughayir: Settlers from the direction of the outpost Adi Ad shot at farmers from the village.
• Qarawat Bani Hassan: armed settlers attacked the village and fired live ammunition.
• Ni’lin: Armed settlers fired live ammunition at a Palestinian truck shortly before reaching Ni’lin.
• Einabus: settlers descended from the direction of Yitzhar, set a house on fire and attacked homes with live ammunition. Two Palestinians were injured.
• Duma: settlers set fire to vehicles and olive trees.
• Sinjil: settlers attacked homes with live ammunition in the presence of the military & wounded a 12-year-old. Additionally, settlers shot live ammunition at the houses in the town and damaged property.
• Umm Safa: live ammunition was shot in the village.
• Qaryut: dozens of settlers attacked the village, throwing stones and firing live ammunition.
• Turmus’aya: settlers attacked a Palestinian family in their home.
• Yatma: settlers hurled stones at vehicles and injured one of the village residents.
• Al Mu’arrajat: settlers attacked Bedouin communities at night.
• Deir Nidham: settlers fired at village houses.
• Masafer Yatta: Settlers from the direction of the outpost Talia Farms blocked all entrances leading to Masafer Yatta and Al Badia.

Sunday, October 8th

• Qusrah, Jalud and Sinjil: widespread attack by settlers shooting live ammunition. Settlers damaged the electricity network between Jalud and Qusrah.
• A-Taybah junction: settlers fired live ammunition at a petrol truck.
• Sebastia: settlers attack with live ammunition.
• Sinjil: Settlers attacked and drove away olive harvesters and prevented the other residents from accessing their lands to harvest (especially the lands on the north side of the town). In addition, a settler entered the city and shot at the houses close to the main road and damaged property.

Saturday, October 7th

• Yatma: ten settlers from settlements Lifidah and Yatma attacked homes in the village. They injured a farmer, damaged property and attacked the houses near the main road.
• A’far: settlers attacked homes in the town.
• Sebastia: settlers attacked a family in their home.
• A-Taybah junction: settlers shot live ammunition at farmers.
• Qaryut: settlers attacked homes in the city.
• Umm Safa: settlers attacked homes and threw stones.
• Qusrah: settlers attacked homes and fired live ammunition.
• Yatma: settlers attacked homes and fired live ammunition.
• Sinjil: settlers attacked homes and fired live ammunition.
• Al Mu’arrajat: settlers attacked homes and fired live ammunition.
• Deir Nidham: settlers attacked homes and fired live ammunition.
• Masafer Yatta: settlers attacked homes and fired live ammunition.

Israel: settlers shot live ammunition at a Palestinian family in their home. In addition, settlers attacked homes in the town and fired live ammunition. Two Palestinians were injured.

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• Yasuf: around ten settlers who came from Tapuah and Tapuah Ma’arav settlements attacked homes and farm houses in the village. One of the farmers was injured & property was damaged.
• Qusra: settlers who came from the direction of Esh Kodesh attacked homes in the village and set fire to property, causing significant damage. At least two residents were injured.
• Yanun: dozens of settlers attacked the village, causing damage to property.
• Iskaka: settlers fired live ammunition at farmers and Palestinian vehicles. Two cars were damaged.
• Qaryut: settlers attacked the village with live ammunition. The incident resulted in no injuries.
• Mu’arrajat: settlers fired live ammunition at Palestinian vehicles on the road to Jericho.
• Hebron: settlers attacked many houses, causing significant damage.

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