



## Equality at Anderton Park

February 2019

The Equality Act 2010 is a vital law. Here, over the years, we learn about all kinds of historical struggles and how important it is in the UK and across the world to challenge inequality. For example,

- Emmeline Pankhurst and her struggle for rights of women
- Anne Frank and how she was persecuted as a Jewish person.
- Harvey Milk and his campaign to be treated equally as a gay person.
- Black History Month - how black people were treated unequally.
- Mohammed Ali and his religious choices.
- How David Attenborough has a continued to pursue his passions at the age of 92.
- Stephen Hawking achieved great things, despite his disability.

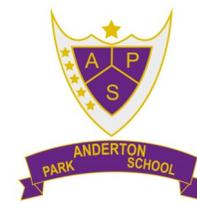
We, by law, learn about all aspects of the Equality Act 2010. This is a good thing. This will challenge and help make society more tolerant, respectful and understanding. We have thousands of children's books in school and some will have characters that have protected characteristics from the Equality Act.

We understand that there are some religious or cultural views may not agree with this law or aspects of this law and it is for the parents to explain the differences, respectfully to their children. We too, at school, also tell children that not everyone agrees with this. We do not tell children or anyone to change their religious beliefs.

Everyone must be very careful not to exhibit hatred or intolerance towards any of the groups of people with protected characteristics.

Relationships Education is different and is changing from 2020 from the government.

We are a school, not a religious institute and expect all families, children and staff to understand equality and to be good role models.



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