Mary Seacole:
- Mary was born in Jamaica in 1805. She was called Mary Jane Grant.
- From a young age, she had a keen interest in medicine and nursing.
- When Mary was 12 (1817), she was helping her mother heal injured and sick soldier using herbal remedies.
- Mary loved to travel and when she was a teenager, she travelled to England twice. She also travelled to Panama where she bought spices and jams to sell back in Jamaica.
- She got married in 1836 to Edwin Seacole but he died 8 years later. Mary continued to care for sick people after he died.
- In 1850, there was a cholera outbreak in Jamaica, where Mary was able to use her medical skills and knowledge.
- In 1853, Mary heard about the British soldiers going to Russia to fight in the battles of the Crimean War. She went to the War Office in London asking to join Florence Nightingale and her team treating sick and wounded soldiers.
- In 1854, She made her own way over to the Crimea using her own funds to pay for travel and supplies.
- When she arrived, she saw that Many of the soldiers were cold, dirty and hungry, so she opened a "British Hotel" near the battlefields, where soldiers could buy hot food, drinks and equipment. She used this money to pay for medical supplies.
- Mary went a step further than other nurses by riding into the battlefields to nurse wounded men from both sides of the war. She became known as Mother Seacole.
- After the war, Mary returned to London with very little money and in poor health. Many soldiers told the newspapers what she had done and people raised money for her. She was also awarded some medals for her bravery.
- She died in 1881 in London.
- People did not know about her amazing achievements until recently - given her race, gender and background, what she had achieved in that was considered to be remarkable.

What should I already know?
- Nurses and doctors are people who help you when you are really hurt or feeling poorly.
- Events happened before I was born.
- There have been changes to life over time.

Timeline:
- 1805: Mary Jane Grant born in Jamaica.
- 1836: Marries Edwin Seacole and becomes Mary Seacole.
- 1838: The Crimean War starts. Mary goes to London to ask to join the nursing team in the Crimea.
- 1856: The Crimean War ends and Mary returns to London.
- 1881: Mary dies in London.
- 2012/2013: You are born.

Historical Skills and Enquiry - Page 4 (Edith Cavell)
Topic: Mary Seacole  
Strand: Significant Individuals (comparison)  

What should I already know?
- Nurses and doctors are people who help you when you are really hurt or feeling poorly.
- Events happened before I was born.
- There have been changes to life over time.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vocabulary</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>battles/battlefield</td>
<td>a fight for control during a war. The battlefield is where the battle takes place.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>British Hotel</td>
<td>a hut made of metal sheets, where soldiers could rest and buy hot food, drinks and equipment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cholera</td>
<td>a disease that affects the digestive system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crimea</td>
<td>a small part of Ukraine that is controlled by Russia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crimeaan War</td>
<td>a war between Russia and Britain/France/Turkey</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Florence Nightingale</td>
<td>a famous British nurse who helped treat wounded and sick soldiers in the Crimean War. She was known as the ‘Lady with the Lamp.’</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>herbal</td>
<td>a mixture made with natural herbs (plants)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jamaica</td>
<td>a small island in the Caribbean Sea, off the coast of North America.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>London</td>
<td>the capital city of England.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>medicine</td>
<td>something that is given to people who are poorly or wounded as a form of treatment or remedy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>nursing</td>
<td>the practice of caring for sick and wounded people</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>remedy</td>
<td>a medicine or treatment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>treatment</td>
<td>a remedy or medicine</td>
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<tr>
<td>wounded</td>
<td>somebody who has been injured</td>
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</tbody>
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Timeline

1805 Mary Jane Grant born in Jamaica.

1817 Mary takes a keen interest in medicine and helps her mother make herbal remedies.

1836 Marries Edwin Seacole and becomes Mary Seacole.

1850 Cholera outbreak in Jamaica. Mary helps using her medical skills.

1853 The Crimean War starts. Mary goes to London to ask to join the nursing team in the Crimea with Florence Nightingale. They refuse.

1854 Mary uses her own money to travel to the Crimea. She rides into battlefields on horseback to help the wounded. She sets up the “British Hotel”.

1856 The Crimean War ends and Mary returns to London.

1881 Mary dies in London.

2012/2013 You are born.

Historical Skills and Enquiry - Page 4 (Edith Cavell)
Edith Cavell:

- Edith Cavell was born in 1865 in Norfolk.
- In 1890, when Edith was around 25 years old, she went to Belgium to become a governess (home teacher).
- She returned to England when her father became very sick so she could care for him. This inspired her to want to train as a nurse.
- In 1896, Edith joined the Royal London Hospital to complete her nurse training. A year later, there was a typhoid outbreak and Edith was sent to help.
- In 1907, the first nurse training school opened in Belgium. Because Edith had lived there before, she was asked to help manage the school.
- In 1914, the First World War started. There were many battles in Belgium. Edith was visiting her mother in Norfolk when the war started but she returned to Belgium to help the injured soldiers.
- Edith helped and sheltered soldiers in her hospital. She treated their wounds and provided them with money. There were also escape tunnels under the hospital where she worked. She helped soldiers escape from the German soldiers using the tunnels.
- In 1915, she was caught by German officials. She confessed and was killed.

Timeline:

- 1865: Edith Cavell is born.
- 1896: Edith joins the Royal London Hospital to train to become a nurse.
- 1907: Edith is asked to help lead the first nurse training school in Belgium.
- 1915: Edith is caught by German officials. She confesses and is killed.
- 2012/2013: You are born.
### Vocabulary

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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Belgium</td>
<td>a country in Europe</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>confess</td>
<td>to tell the truth</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>escape</td>
<td>to break free without being seen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>governess</td>
<td>a woman employed to teach children in the house.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>injured</td>
<td>been hurt or harmed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>inspired</td>
<td>having a positive feeling because of something that has happened or something somebody has said</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>medicine</td>
<td>something that is given to people who are poorly or wounded as a form of treatment or remedy.</td>
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<tr>
<td>nursing</td>
<td>the practice of caring for sick and wounded people</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>official</td>
<td>a person who has a responsibility</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>remedy</td>
<td>a medicine or treatment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>shelter</td>
<td>a place that gives protection from bad weather or danger</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>training</td>
<td>teaching somebody a skill</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>treatment</td>
<td>a remedy or medicine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>typhoid</td>
<td>an infectious fever</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>wounded</td>
<td>somebody who has been injured</td>
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</table>

### Timeline

- **1865**: Edith Cavell is born.
- **1890**: Edith travels to Belgium to become a governess.
- **1896**: Edith joins the Royal London Hospital to train to become a nurse.
- **1897**: Typhoid outbreak. Edith is asked to help.
- **1907**: Edith is asked to help lead the first nurse training school in Belgium.
- **1914**: First World War starts. Edith is in England at the start of the war but she returns to Belgium to help sick and injured soldiers. She helps and shelters soldiers in her hospital and provides them with money. She helps them escape from the German soldiers using the tunnels under the hospital.
- **1915**: Edith is caught by German officials. She confesses and is killed.
- **1918**: First World War ends.
- **2012/2013**: You are born.

### Historical Skills and Enquiry

- Ask questions about Mary Seacole and Edith Cavell.
- Compare the lives of Mary Seacole and Edith Cavell. What is the same? What is different?
- How have their actions had an impact on the world you live in today? How have they had an impact on modern nursing?
- Use words and phrases such as: a long time ago, recently and years to describe the passing of time in relation to Mary Seacole and Edith Cavell?
### Question 1: Nurses provide...
- treatment
- remedies
- medicine
- all of the above

### Question 2: Wounded means...
- hurt or injured
- healthy
- travelling
- medicine

### Question 3: Edith Cavell and Mary Seacole are similar because...
- they are both soldiers
- they helped soldiers at war
- they are both nurses
- they are both British

### Question 4: Put these in order of events
1. Edith Cavell dies
2. Edith Cavell is born
3. You are born
4. Edith Cavell helps soldiers in WWI

### Question 5: Put these in order of events
1. Mary Seacole goes to the Crimea
2. Mary Seacole dies
3. Mary Seacole is born
4. You are born