What should I already know?

The United Kingdom is made up of England, Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland.
There are four seasons and our weather changes.
There are four points on a compass.

As a geographer, I have this knowledge

There are seven continents and five oceans

7 continents map with 5 oceans

A map is a drawing of all or part of Earth’s surface. Its basic purpose is to show where things are. Maps may show visible features, such as rivers and lakes, forests, buildings, and roads. … Most maps are drawn on a flat surface. A map displayed on a round surface is called a globe. Maps often use symbols or colours to represent things, and the map key explains what they mean.

The equator is an imaginary line around the centre of the Earth. It separates the northern and southern hemisphere. The North and South Poles are at the furthest points of our planet.

Not all countries are the same. There are often similarities and differences to where we live. We can compare countries by food, money, weather/climate, animals, landmarks, and physical features.

Physical features are natural parts of our landscape. They include:

Features that have been changed or made by humans are called human features. They include:

The surface of our planet is mainly water. Marine animals and their habitats vary from the animals that live on land. Humans use rivers, seas and oceans for lots of different reasons, from fishing to water-skiing. They way humans use the oceans around them can leave lasting changes. Plastic is one of the biggest dangers facing our marine life.

My skills and fieldwork

- I can draw a map, including a compass point and a key.
- I can use atlases, world maps and globes.
- I can use simple grid references.
- I can ask questions about different countries.
- I can make observations about other countries and record my findings.
- I can recognise marine environments and marine life.
- I can classify human and physical features.