



Kirklees **Safeguarding Children Board**
www.kirkleessafeguardingchildren.com



Safeguarding Policy 2018-19



CURRENT

APPROVED: SEPTEMBER 2018
REVIEW: SEPTEMBER 2019

PERSON RESPONSIBLE – HEAD TEACHER

School Safeguarding Policy

2018/19

School: Hillside Primary School

Head teacher/Principal: Nadine Sadler

Named personnel with designated responsibility for Safeguarding

Academic year	Designated Safeguarding Lead	Cover for Designated Safeguarding Lead	Safeguarding Governor	Chair of Governors
2013/14	Dawn Horton	Rebecca Peace	Pamela Shelton	Cynthia Dawson
2014/15	D. Horton/R. Peace from Feb 2015	Margaret Rogers and Stan White (from Feb 2015)	Pamela Shelton	Cynthia Dawson
2015/16	Nadine Sadler	Stan White	Pamela Shelton	Cynthia Dawson
2016/17	Nadine Sadler	Stan White	Pamela Shelton	Cynthia Dawson
2017/18	Nadine Sadler	Stan White	Cynthia Dawson / Clare Neary	Cynthia Dawson
2018/19	Nadine Sadler	Stan White	Cynthia Dawson / Clare Neary	Cynthia Dawson

Policy review dates

Review Date	Changes made	By whom	Date Shared
2014/15	Update	Pamela Shelton	March 2015
2015/6	Update	Pamela Shelton	16 November 2015
2016/17	Update	Nadine Sadler	17.10.16
2017/18	Update	Nadine Sadler	13.9.17
2018/19	Update	Nadine Sadler	24.9.18

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Dates of Staff training and details of course title and training provider:

Whole school	Designated Safeguarding Lead	Cover for the role of Designated Safeguarding Lead
<p>Basic Awareness of Child Abuse and Neglect training 7.1.19 Safeguarding update & quiz Jan 2018 Basic Awareness of Child Abuse and Neglect training 01.02.2016</p> <p>E-Learning Basic Awareness course: March 2011 – September 2014</p>	<p>Basic Awareness of Child Abuse and Neglect training 7.1.19 DSL refresher training 27.9.18 Safeguarding Audit 16.1.18 Neglect 21.6.17 Impact of parental mental health 26.4.17 Safer recruitment training 2.3.17 Prevent WRAP workshop 17.11.16 DSL refresher training 14.10.16 CSE briefings for primary school DSL's 29.6.16 KPH Conference – Prevent & Safeguarding 26.4.16 Conference – learning from serious case reviews 16.10.15 Keeping Children Safe in Education: June 2014 Roles and Responsibilities of the DSL: January 2014 Network briefing: Child Protection Conferences – Safer Recruitment Training October 2013 The Changes: October 2013 Making Positive Contributions to Child Protection Conferences and Core Groups October 2013 Working Together to Safeguard Children March 2013</p>	<p>Basic Awareness of Child Abuse and Neglect training 7.1.19 Safeguarding Audit 16.1.18 Impact of domestic violence 6.4.17 Impact of parental substance misuse 6.4.17 DSL refresher 13.01.17 Safer Recruitment Training June 2015 Keeping Children Safe in Education: June 2014 Parenting Capacity: September 2014 Working Together to Safeguard Children: January 2014 Making a Positive Contribution to Core Groups: November 2010; December 2014 Roles and Responsibilities of the DSL: February 2011 Preparing for and attending case conferences: September 2010</p>

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Governor Review of policy dates

Meeting of Standards and Effectiveness Committee on 23 March 2015
Meeting of Governing Body Committee on 16 November 2015
Meeting of Governing Body Committee on 14 November 2016
Meeting of Governing Body Committee on 13 November 2017
Meeting of Governing Body Committee on 12 November 2018

Designated Governor			
Pamela Shelton	E-Safety Awareness	15.10.2013	KSCB
	Basic Awareness of Child Abuse and Neglect training session	01.02.2016	
	DSL refresher training	14.10.16	
	Safeguarding for Governors	15.3.17	
Cynthia Dawson	Safeguarding for Governors	21.6.17	KSCB
Cynthia Dawson & Claire Neary	Safeguarding Governor Handover	5.9.17	Meeting with Pamela Shelton
Cynthia Dawson	An awareness of child abuse and neglect	12.9.17	KSCB
Cynthia Dawson	Safeguarding Audit	16.1.18	
Cynthia Dawson	Safeguarding Governor Briefing	19.3.18	
Cynthia Dawson	Independent Review Panel training	24.4.18	

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Section 1 School Commitment

This policy applies to all adults, including volunteers, working in or on behalf of the school.

We aim to work in partnership and have an important role in multi-agency safeguarding arrangements as set out by Working Together 2018. Everyone working in or for our school service shares an objective to help keep children and young people safe by contributing to:

Providing a safe environment for children and young people to learn and develop in our school setting, and

Identifying children and young people who are suffering or likely to suffer significant harm, and taking appropriate action with the aim of making sure they are kept safe.

Hillside Primary School is committed to safeguarding and promoting the well-being of all of its pupils. Each pupil's welfare is of paramount importance. We recognise that some children *may* be especially vulnerable to abuse. We recognise that children who are abused or neglected may find it difficult to develop a sense of self-worth and to view the world in a positive way. Whilst at school, behaviour may be challenging. We recognise that they may exhibit concerning behaviours and at times this may impact on other children either directly or indirectly. We will always take a considered and sensitive approach in order that we can support all of our pupils.



Section 2 Providing a Safe and Supportive Environment

2.1 Safer Recruitment and Selection (please download guidance on DBS, Vetting and Barring)

The school pays full regard to DfE guidance 'Keeping Children Safe in Education'

We ensure that all appropriate measures are applied in relation to everyone who works in the school who is likely to be perceived by the children as a safe and trustworthy adult including e.g. volunteers and staff employed by contractors. Safer recruitment practice includes scrutinising applicants, verifying identity and academic and vocational qualifications, obtaining professional references, checking previous employment history and ensuring that a candidate has the health and physical capacity for the job. It also includes undertaking interviews and checking the candidate's DBS status, as well as checking the Children's List, the Criminal Records Bureau and the right to work in England.

In line with statutory changes, underpinned by regulations, the school will maintain a Single Central Record (SCR). This document will cover the following people:

- all staff (including supply staff, and teacher trainees on salaried routes) who work at the school.

The information that must be recorded in respect of all staff members mentioned above is whether the following checks have been carried out or certificates obtained, **and** the date on which each check was completed/certificate obtained apply:

- an identity check;
- a barred list check;
- an enhanced Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS) check
- a prohibition from teaching check;
- a section 128 check (for management positions as set out in paragraph 99 for independent schools, including free schools and academies);
- further checks on people who have lived or worked outside the UK: this would include recording checks for those European Economic Area (EEA) teacher sanctions and restrictions;
- a check of professional qualifications; and
- a check to establish the person's right to work in the United Kingdom.

For supply staff, the school will include whether written confirmation that the employment business supplying the member of supply staff has carried out the relevant checks and obtained the appropriate certificates, whether any enhanced DBS check certificate has been provided in respect of the member of supply staff and the date that confirmation was received.

Where checks are carried out on volunteers, the school will record this on the single central record. Under no circumstances will a volunteer in respect of whom no checks have been obtained be left unsupervised or allowed to work in regulated activity with a child.

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Head Teacher	Nadine Sadler	March 2017
Deputy DSL	Stan White	June 2015
School Governor	Cynthia Dawson	January 2015

The above named have undertaken Safer Recruitment in Education Training. One of the above will be involved in all staff and volunteer appointments and arrangements (including, where appropriate, contracted services).

Home-stays (Exchange Visits)

Where children from overseas are staying with UK parents as part of an exchange organised by the school, those parents will be deemed to be in 'Regulated Activity' for the duration of the stay and as such will require to submit to an enhanced DBS check including barring check. As a volunteer, all checks will be processed free of charge by the DBS. Where additional people in the host family are aged over 16 (i.e. elder siblings) the school will consider on a case by case risk assessment basis whether such checks are necessary

2.2 Safe Working Practice

Our school will comply with the current Safe Practice guidance to be found in Kirklees Safeguarding Procedures at www.kirkleessafeguardingchildren.co.uk

Safe working practice ensures that pupils are safe and that all staff:

- are responsible for their own actions and behaviour and should avoid any conduct which would lead any reasonable person to question their motivation or intentions;
- work in an open and transparent way;
- work with other colleagues where possible in situations open to question;
- discuss and/or take advice from school management over any incident which may give rise to concern;
- record any incidents or decisions made;
- apply the same professional standards regardless of gender, sexuality or disability;
- comply and are aware of the confidentiality policy;
- are aware that breaches of the law and other professional guidelines could result in criminal or disciplinary action being taken against them.

School staff having concerns about another member of staff will report these to the head teacher.

Where staff members have concerns about the head teacher, these will be reported to the chair of governors.

School staff having concerns about safeguarding practices:

- All staff and volunteers should feel able to raise concerns about poor or unsafe practice and potential failures in the school safeguarding regime and that such concerns will be taken seriously by the senior leadership team.
- Appropriate whistleblowing procedures are in place within the school and can be read in further detail by accessing the separate school whistleblowing policy.
- Where a staff member feels unable to raise an issue with their senior leadership or feels that their genuine concerns are not being addressed, other whistleblowing channels may be open to them by accessing www.gov.uk/whistleblowing or www.gov.uk/government/news/home-office-launches-child-abuse-whistleblowing-helpline or calling 01484 225030 or emailing whistleblowing@kirklees.gov.uk. All messages on the answer machine or email will be heard and seen only by the council's corporate customer standards team.

2.3 Risk Assessments

Risk assessments are taken seriously and used to good effect to promote safety. Risk assessments are available for all aspects of the school's work deemed to be a foreseeable risk. Risk assessments are rated for severity and likelihood. Where relevant, risk assessments are carried out for individual pupils, and supported by action plans identifying how potential risks would be managed. Risk assessments for out of school activities are logged using Evolve.

Individual risk assessments are also used when deciding a response to a child demonstrating potentially harmful behaviour such as sexually harmful behaviour or when identifying whether a child who may be particularly vulnerable, such as a child at risk of Child Sexual Exploitation.

2.4 Safeguarding Information for pupils

All pupils in our school are aware of a number of staff who they can talk to. The school is committed to ensuring that pupils are aware of behaviour towards them that is not acceptable and how they can keep themselves safe. All pupils know that we have a senior member of staff (DSL) with responsibility for child protection and know who this is. We inform pupils of whom they might talk to, both in and out of school, their right to be listened to and heard and what steps can be taken to protect them from harm. PSHCE and online safety awareness materials we use to help pupils learn how to keep safe are ChildLine, NSPCC, Police, Stranger Danger, and Anti-bullying.

Our school will ensure that pupils are made aware that information can be on the school website, the NSPCC Child Line and Child Exploitation and Online Protection Centre (CEOP).

Our arrangements for consulting with and listening to pupils are via the school council, our Pastoral Care Officers and PSHE lessons. We make pupils aware of these arrangements through in-class discussions and assemblies

2.5 Partnership with Parents

The school shares a purpose with parents / carers to keep children safe from harm and educate them about potential dangers. School posters are displayed in public areas for parents / carers setting out

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their responsibilities in relation to safeguarding, and what to do and where to go if they have concerns or suspect a child is being harmed.

We are committed to working with parents positively, openly and honestly. We ensure that all parents are treated with respect, dignity and courtesy. We respect parents' rights to privacy and confidentiality and will not share sensitive information unless we have permission or it is necessary to do so in order to protect a child.

Hillside Primary School will share with parents any concerns we may have about their child unless to do so may place a child at risk of harm (see 3 Action by Designated Safeguarding Lead)

We encourage parents to discuss any concerns they may have with the Head Teacher (Nadine Sadler), the deputy DSL (Stan White) or one of the Pastoral Care Officers (Jill Mellor and Deborah Heywood).

The school's child protection policy is available by accessing the school website or a written copy will be provided on request to the school office.

Hillside Primary School is committed to ensuring the welfare and safety of all children in school. All Kirklees schools, including Hillside Primary School, follow the Kirklees Safeguarding Children Board procedures. The school will, in most circumstances, endeavour to discuss all concerns with parents about their children. However, there may be exceptional circumstances when the school will discuss concerns with the Kirklees Multi-Agency Safeguarding Hub (MASH) and/or the Police without parental knowledge (in accordance with Kirklees Safeguarding Children Procedures). The school will, of course, always aim to maintain a positive relationship with all parents.

2.6 Partnerships with others

Our school recognises that it is essential to establish positive and effective working relationships with other agencies who are partners in Kirklees Safeguarding Children Board. We promote a safe and supportive environment through our positive relationships with the Local Authority; the Referral and Response Team within Children's Services; our Hub staff; the local Police; the Locala 0-19 Practitioners and LA Housing personnel.

There is a joint responsibility on all these agencies to share information in order to ensure the safeguarding of children. The school recognises that it is essential to establish positive and effective working relationships with other agencies that are partners on the Kirklees Safeguarding Children Board.

2.7 School Training and Staff Induction

The school's Designated Safeguarding Lead (**DSL**) with responsibility for child protection, undertakes appropriate child safeguarding training and inter-agency working training (provided by the Kirklees Safeguarding Children Board)

The DSL and any deputies will undergo training to provide them with the knowledge and skills required to carry out the role. The training should be updated every two years.

In addition to their formal training, their knowledge and skills will be updated (for example, via e-bulletins, meeting other DSL's, or taking time to read and digest safeguarding developments), at regular intervals, **but at least annually**, to keep up with any developments relevant to their role.

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The Head teacher and all other school staff, including non-teaching staff, will receive appropriate safeguarding and child protection training which is regularly updated.

In addition, all staff members will receive safeguarding and child protection updates (for example, via e-mail, e-bulletins and staff meetings), as required, **but at least annually**, to provide them with relevant skills and knowledge to safeguard children effectively.

The Basic Awareness of Child Abuse and Neglect online training can be accessed at www.kirkleessafeguardingchildren.co.uk

The whole school Basic Awareness in Child Safeguarding training can be booked via the Kirklees Safeguarding Officer for Schools & Learning on 01484 221000 and should be completed by all staff every three years.

All staff (including temporary staff and volunteers) are provided with the school's safeguarding policy and informed of school's child protection arrangements on induction.

2.8 Support, Advice and Guidance for Staff

Staff will be supported by Nadine Sadler (DSL), Stan White (DDSL), Jill Mellor and Debbie Heywood, the Local Authority and professional associations.

Cynthia Dawson (Governor with responsibility for Safeguarding) will provide support to Nadine Sadler who is Head Teacher and the Designated Safeguarding Lead.

Advice is available from Kirklees - Duty and Advice Team on 01484 414960 or 456848 and the Police Child Safeguarding Unit (See Contacts List Appendix 1) as well as from the Safeguarding Officer for Schools & Learning – Michelle Hodges 01484 221000

2.9 Alternative Provision

This school is committed to safeguarding our children even if they are placed in alternative provision for a period of time within the school day/week. We therefore seek written reassurance that any Alternative Provision provider has acceptable safeguarding practices in place including: their response to concerns about a child; safer recruitment processes; attendance and child missing education procedures; and appropriate information-sharing procedures. The school will also obtain a written statement from the provider that they have completed all the vetting and barring checks that are necessary on their staff.

When organising work placements, the school will ensure that the placement provider has policies and procedures in place to safeguard pupils.

Section 3 Ensuring that Children are Safe at School and at Home

3.1 Child Protection Procedures

Teachers and other adults in school are well placed to observe any physical, emotional or behavioural signs which indicate that a child may be suffering significant harm. The relationships between staff, pupils, parents and the public which foster respect, confidence and trust can lead to disclosures of abuse, and/or school staff being alerted to concerns.

Definitions:

(‘Working Together’ 2018 and ‘Keeping Children Safe in Education’ 2018)

A child: any person under the age of 18 years.

Harm means ill-treatment or impairment of health and development, including, for example, impairment suffered from seeing or hearing the ill-treatment of another.

Development means physical, intellectual, emotional, social or behavioural development.

Health includes physical and mental health; maltreatment includes sexual abuse and other forms of ill-treatment which are not physical.

Abuse: a form of maltreatment of a child. Somebody may abuse or neglect a child by inflicting harm or by failing to act to prevent harm. Children may be abused in a family or in an institutional or community setting by those known to them or, more rarely, by others (e.g. via the internet). They may be abused by an adult or adults or another child or children.

Physical abuse: a form of abuse which may involve hitting, shaking, throwing, poisoning, burning or scalding, drowning, suffocating or otherwise causing physical harm to a child. Physical harm may also be caused when a parent or carer fabricates the symptoms of, or deliberately induces, illness in a child (Fabricated Induced Illness).

Emotional abuse: the persistent emotional maltreatment of a child such as to cause severe and adverse effects on the child’s emotional development. It may involve conveying to a child that they are worthless or unloved, inadequate, or valued only insofar as they meet the needs of another person. It may include not giving the child opportunities to express their views, deliberately silencing them or ‘making fun’ of what they say or how they communicate. It may feature age or developmentally inappropriate expectations being imposed on children. These may include interactions that are beyond a child’s developmental capability as well as overprotection and limitation of exploration and learning, or preventing the child participating in normal social interaction. It may involve seeing or hearing the ill-treatment of another. It may involve serious bullying (including cyberbullying), causing children frequently to feel frightened or in danger, or the exploitation or corruption of children. Some level of emotional abuse is involved in all types of maltreatment of a child, although it may occur alone.

Sexual abuse: involves forcing or enticing a child or young person to take part in sexual activities, not necessarily involving a high level of violence, whether or not the child is aware of what is happening. The activities may involve physical contact, including assault by penetration (for example rape or oral sex) or non-penetrative acts such as masturbation, kissing, rubbing and touching outside of clothing. They may also include non-contact activities, such as involving children in looking at, or in the production of, sexual images, watching sexual activities, encouraging children to behave in sexually inappropriate ways, or grooming a child in preparation for abuse (including via the internet). Sexual abuse is not solely perpetrated by adult males. Women can also commit acts of sexual abuse, as can other children.

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Neglect: the persistent failure to meet a child’s basic physical and/or psychological needs, likely to result in the serious impairment of the child’s health or development. Neglect may occur during pregnancy as a result of maternal substance abuse. Once a child is born, neglect may involve a parent or carer failing to: provide adequate food, clothing and shelter (including exclusion from home or abandonment); protect a child from physical and emotional harm or danger; ensure adequate supervision (including the use of inadequate care-givers); or ensure access to appropriate medical care or treatment. It may also include neglect of, or unresponsiveness to, a child’s basic emotional needs.

All staff follow the schools Child Protection Procedures which are consistent with ‘Working Together to Safeguard Children 2018’ and the Kirklees Safeguarding Children Board guidance.

It is **not** the responsibility of the school staff to investigate welfare concerns or determine the truth of any disclosure or allegation. All members of staff however, have a duty to recognise concerns and maintain an open mind. Accordingly all concerns regarding the welfare of pupils will be recorded and discussed with the designated safeguarding lead with responsibility for child protection (or the deputy DSL in the absence of the designated person) prior to any discussion with parents.

Where a member of staff is recognising signs or indicators that a child may have unmet needs or welfare concerns, these will always be passed on to the Designated Safeguarding Lead to ensure that any appropriate interventions and/or referrals can be actioned. The DSL will use the Kirklees framework for making safeguarding decisions to determine the threshold of concern and then will determine whether this can be dealt with within school or whether this may require an Early Intervention

3.2 Supporting the child and partnership with parents

School recognises that the child’s welfare is paramount> However good child protection practice and outcomes rely on a positive, open and honest working partnership with parents.

Whilst we may, on occasion, need to make referrals without consultation with parents, we will make every effort to maintain a positive working relationship with them whilst fulfilling our duties to protect any child.

We will provide a secure, caring, supportive and protective relationship for the child.

Children will be given a proper explanation (appropriate to age and understanding) of what action is being taken on their behalf and why.

We will endeavour always to preserve the privacy, dignity and right to confidentiality of the child and parents. The Designated Safeguarding Lead will determine which members of staff “need to know” personal information and what they “need to know” for the purpose of supporting and protecting the child.

3.3 The Prevent Duty

Under section 26 of the Counter-Terrorism and Security Act 2015, Hillside Primary School is aware that we must have due regard to the need to prevent people from being drawn into terrorism, and that this is known as the Prevent Duty.

In order to fulfil the Prevent Duty staff have received information to help them to identify children who may be vulnerable to radicalisation, and the school is committed to accessing further training to ensure that all staff are up to date and aware of this duty. If staff do identify children for whom this may be a concern they should apply the usual referral process and Child Protection procedures and pass this information to the Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL).

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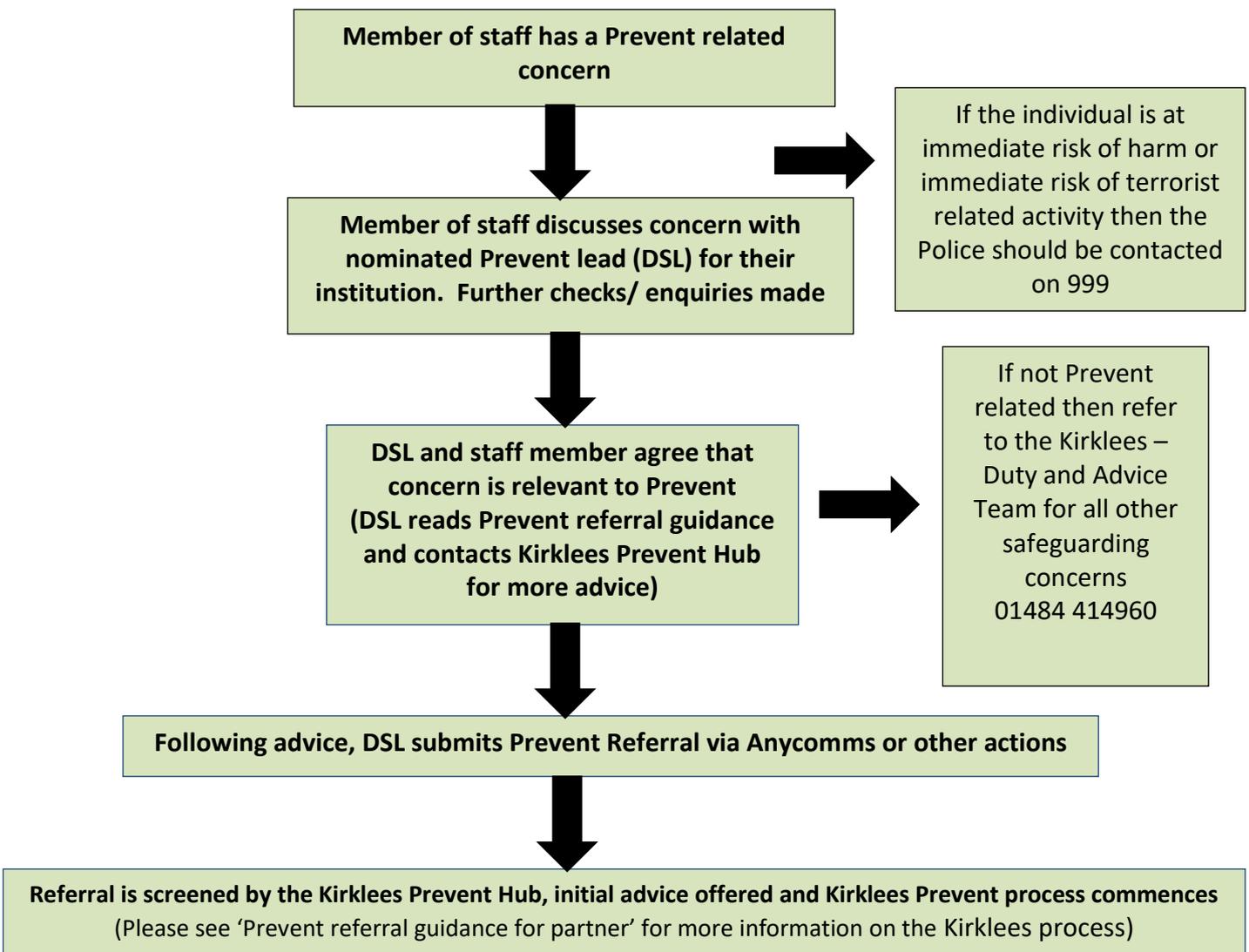
The Designated Safeguarding Lead will contact the Prevent Coordinator should there be concerns about a child or family linked to potential radicalisation or extremism. The Prevent Coordinator will then assist the DSL regarding whether a referral is appropriate and whether this child or family will need to be referred to the Channel Panel.

Hillside Primary School will also incorporate the promotion of fundamental British Values into the Safeguarding Curriculum and PSHE in order to help build pupils’ resilience and enable them to challenge extremist views. School will provide a safe space in which children and staff can understand the risks associated with terrorism and develop the knowledge and skills to be able to challenge extremist arguments.

Radicalisation will also be considered within current Online Safety policies, procedures and curriculum in terms of having suitable filtering and monitoring in place and also raising awareness with staff, parents and children about the increased risk of online radicalisation, through the use of the internet, Social Media and Gaming.

For more information about Prevent in Kirklees, including referral forms and project examples, please visit the Kirklees Prevent website www.kirklees.gov.uk/prevent or contact the hub via 01924 483747/ Anycomms “Prevent Referral” or Prevent@kirklees.qcsx.gov.uk

Kirklees Prevent Referral pathway



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3.4 Child Sexual Exploitation

Hillside Primary School is aware that Child Sexual Exploitation (CSE) is a form of child sexual abuse. It occurs where an individual or group takes advantage of an imbalance of power to coerce, manipulate or deceive a child or young person under the age of 18 into sexual activity (a) in exchange for something the victim needs or wants, and/or (b) for the financial advantage or increased status of the perpetrator or facilitator. The victim may have been sexually exploited even if the sexual activity appears consensual. Child sexual exploitation does not always involve physical contact; it can also occur through the use of technology (Child sexual exploitation: Definition and a guide for practitioners, local leaders and decision makers working to protect children from child sexual exploitation (2017)).

Staff have been made aware of some of the key indicators of CSE by 3 hour face to face training as well as updates from the DSL. In addition Hillside Primary School appreciates that it has a role to play in the prevention of CSE within its Safeguarding curriculum e.g. Healthy Relationships as part of the RSE curriculum and PHSE curriculum.

If staff do identify children for whom CSE may be a concern they will apply the usual referral process and Child Protection procedures and pass this information to the Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL). The DSL can then refer cases where relevant to Kirklees Duty and Advice Team. Hillside Primary School also appreciates that they have a role to play in sharing intelligence relevant to perpetrators of CSE, and therefore if such information should come to light within school the DSL will share this appropriately with the police.

3.5 Female Genital Mutilation

Hillside Primary School understands that Female Genital Mutilation (FGM) comprises all procedures involving partial or total removal of the external female genitalia, and know that FGM is illegal in the UK, is a form of child abuse and has long-lasting harmful consequences. Hillside Primary School is aware that Section 5B of the Female Genital Mutilation Act 2003 (as inserted by section 74 of the Serious Crime Act 2015) places a statutory duty upon teachers to report to the police where they discover that FGM appears to have been carried out on a girl under 18 years of age. This mandatory duty commenced in October 2015.

Staff are aware of the indicators of FGM and if they were to directly observe (if involved in intimate care) or indirectly become aware of other potential indicators they should apply the usual referral process and Child Protection procedures and pass this information to the Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL). The DSL can then make appropriate referrals to Duty and Advice and/or the Police as is their mandatory duty.

3.6 Domestic Abuse

Hillside Primary School understands that the cross-government definition of domestic violence and abuse is:

any incident or pattern of incidents of controlling, coercive, threatening behaviour, violence or abuse between those aged 16 or over who are, or have been, intimate partners or family members regardless of gender or sexuality.

The abuse can encompass, but is not limited to: psychological, physical, sexual, financial, emotional harm.

Controlling behaviour is a range of acts designed to make a person subordinate and/or dependent by isolating them from sources of support, exploiting their resources and capacities for personal gain,

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depriving them of the means needed for independence, resistance and escape and regulating their everyday behaviour.

Coercive behaviour is an act or a pattern of acts of assault, threats, humiliation and intimidation or other abuse that is used to harm, punish, or frighten their victim.

If staff do identify children for whom Domestic Abuse may be a concern they should apply the usual referral process and Child Protection procedures and pass this information to the Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL). The DSL can then refer cases where relevant to Kirklees Duty and Advice Team. Where DV Notifications are received from the Domestic DAAT, this information will be added to a child's chronology and child protection record to ensure that appropriate support can be provided where necessary.

3.7 Forced Marriage

A forced marriage is where one or both people do not (or in cases of people with learning disabilities, cannot) consent to the marriage and pressure or abuse is used. It is an appalling and indefensible practice and is recognised in the UK as a form of violence against women and men, domestic/child abuse and a serious abuse of human rights.

Staff at Hillside Primary School understand that likewise this is a potential Safeguarding issue and thus they would pass on concerns by applying the usual referral process and Child Protection procedures and pass this information to the Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL).

3.8 Peer on Peer Abuse

Sometimes safeguarding issues can manifest themselves via peer on peer abuse. This is most likely to include, but not limited to: bullying (including cyber bullying), gender based violence/sexual assaults and sexting. Staff are clear that whilst these may be responded to through Behaviour Management there is also a need for this information to be shared with the DSL in order to address the underlying Safeguarding concerns.

3.9 Youth Produced Sexual Imagery

Where there is a disclosure or the school becomes aware that a child may have been involved in sending 'youth produced sexual imagery' which is sometimes referred to as 'sexting' it will refer to the guidance in the document 'Sexting in Schools and Colleges, Responding to incidents and Safeguarding young people' published by the UK Council for Child Internet Safety (2016). Staff understand that when an incident involving youth produced sexual imagery comes to their attention:

- The incident should be referred to the DSL as soon as possible;
- The DSL should hold an initial review meeting with appropriate school staff;
- There should be subsequent interviews with the young people involved (if appropriate);
- Parents should be informed at an early stage and involved in the process unless there is good reason to believe that involving parents would put the young person at risk of harm;
- At any point in the process if there is a concern a young person has been harmed or is at risk of harm a referral should be made to children's social care and/or the police immediately.

We will also refer to:

[The DfE guidance 2018 on Searching Screening and Confiscation Advice for Schools](#)

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3.10 Attendance and Children Missing from Education

Hillside Primary School understands that poor attendance can be an indicator of concern for children with welfare and safeguarding concerns, and thus ensures that information is shared between the Attendance Officer and the DSL / DDSL through a weekly attendance tracking meeting as well as daily updates as needed. Likewise school understands that a parent failing to inform the school that a child has an authorised absence could be a cause for concern and thus the school will follow Kirklees internal guidance 'First Day Calling' procedures and 'Kirklees Guidance for Schools on the Monitoring and Reporting of Pupils who Absent themselves during the School day'.

Hillside Primary School appreciates that the Local Authority has a Statutory Duty to ensure that all children and young people of compulsory school age receive suitable and appropriate education. Hillside Primary School will support the Authority in ensuring that this duty is carried out effectively. There are specific duties in respect of Children Missing Education (CME) and there are strict guidelines in respect of both the definition of CME and the legalities of deleting a pupil from a school roll.

Hillside Primary School understands that it is essential that Hillside Primary School contact the Local Authority Education Safeguarding Team on 01484 221919 to inform them where any pupil has been absent for 10 consecutive days without a reason being provided for the absence

3.11 Child Criminal Exploitation: County Lines

School recognise that criminal exploitation of children is a geographically widespread form of harm that is a typical feature of county lines criminal activity: drug networks or gangs groom and exploit children and young people to carry drugs and money from urban areas to suburban and rural areas, market and seaside towns. Key to identifying potential involvement in county lines are missing episodes, when the victim may have been trafficked for the purpose of transporting drugs. School will consider whether a referral to the National Referral Mechanism (NRM) should be undertaken in order to safeguard that child and/or other children ([NRM guidance doc.](#)).

3.12 Contextual Safeguarding

School recognises that safeguarding incidents and/or behaviours can be associated with factors outside the school and/or can occur between children outside the school. All staff, but especially the designated safeguarding lead will consider the context within which such incidents and/or behaviours occur. This is known as contextual safeguarding, which simply means assessments of children should consider whether wider environmental factors are present in a child's life that are a threat to their safety and/or welfare. The school will provide as much information as possible to children's social care as part of any referral undertaken.

3.13 Children with Family Members in Prison

School understands that children who have members of their family in prison are more likely to underachieve and fail to reach their potential than their peers and may require specific services and support. Families and children of people in prison will be seen as families first and school will work to ensure their needs are appropriately met. This will include providing support to ensure the voice of the child is considered when seeking contact with a family member in prison.

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3.14 Sexual Violence and Sexual Harassment between children

Sexual violence and sexual harassment involving children at the school is a form of peer on peer abuse. Sexual violence involves the criminal sexual offences defined in the Sexual Offences Act 2003. Sexual Harassment is defined as unwanted conduct of a sexual nature and can include online behaviour. Neither is acceptable and will not be tolerated by the school. School take all such reports seriously and they will receive the same high standard of care that any other safeguarding concern receives. A multi-agency approach will be undertaken when responding to all such complaints; however, the school will always take immediate action to protect children despite the actions of any other agency. These actions may include an immediate risk assessment in respect of the needs of the child victim and will address any risks identified to any child in respect of an alleged perpetrator of sexual violence or sexual harassment to ensure children are protected from harm. Any risk assessment will be fluid and may change to reflect any developments during the management of the case. All such reports will be managed by the Designated Safeguarding Lead. There are a number of options the school may consider in respect of the management of a report of sexual violence or sexual harassment between children and each case will receive an appropriate bespoke response once all the facts are known. Irrespective of any potential criminal outcome, the school have a duty to safeguarding all children and may deal with any such report on a balance of probability basis when considering the outcomes for children involved. Should an outcome involve a move to an alternative school for any child, then full information-sharing of the case will be undertaken with the Designated Safeguarding Lead professional at that school.

3.15 Carrying Knives/offensive weapons and gang culture

Bringing and carrying a knife/offensive weapon onto school premises is a criminal offence and immediate action will be taken by calling the police and informing the informed. The guidance on Searching, Screening and Confiscation for Head teachers, Schools and Governors, January 2018 will be consulted and the school will consider and may apply the disciplinary procedure. If a member of staff suspects a pupil/student being involved in gang culture, this is a Safeguarding concern and will require a discussion with the Designated Safeguarding Lead who will seek advice from agencies and professionals including reference to the Safeguarding procedures as outlined by the local authority. The pupil/student may be an exploited child and victim to which the school will offer support.

3.16 Children who may require Early Help

All Staff (Governors and Volunteers) working within the School should be alert to the potential need for early help for a child who:

- is disabled and has specific additional needs;
- has special educational needs;
- is a young carer;
- is a privately fostered child;
- has returned home to their family from care;
- is showing signs of engaging in anti-social or criminal behaviour;
- is in a family circumstance presenting challenges for the child, such as substance abuse, adult mental health, domestic violence;
- is showing early signs of abuse and/or neglect;
- is showing signs of displaying behaviour or views that are considered to be extreme;
- is misusing drugs or alcohol themselves;
- is not attending school or is at risk of exclusion from school;
- is frequently going missing/goes missing from care or from home;
- is at risk of modern slavery, trafficking, exploitation, radicalisation or is radicalised;
- is not in education, training or employment after the age of 16 (neet);
- is homeless or facing homelessness.

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These children are therefore more vulnerable and the school will identify who their vulnerable children are and ensure that all Staff and Volunteers know the processes to secure advice, help and support where needed.

When using reasonable force this is in line with national guidelines and takes into account individual pupil needs and risk management /care plans and in particular with regard to SEND.

3.17 Looked After Children

All staff recognise that Looked After Children and care leavers are more vulnerable than other children, often having poorer educational outcomes and, therefore, that ensuring their wellbeing, safety and welfare and helping them to reach their potential is vital (and this includes the looked after child who is moving on). The school will also ensure that care leavers are supported with pathways including liaison with the local authority where a personal advisor will be appointed and a full working relationship is maintained with the Kirklees Virtual School head teacher Janet Tolley (01484 221000) in respect of all pupils at the school who are subject of 'looked after' status.

Section 4 Allegations regarding Person(s) Working in or on behalf of School (including Volunteers)

Where an allegation is made against any person working in or on behalf of the school that he or she has:

- behaved in a way that has harmed a child or may have harmed a child;
- possibly committed a criminal offence against or related to a child; or
- behaved towards a child or children in a way that indicates he or she would pose a risk of harm to children.

We will apply the same principles as in the rest of this document and we will always follow the West Yorkshire Consortium Safeguarding Children Procedures that can be accessed at <http://westyorkscb.proceduresonline.com/> Detailed records will be made to include decisions, actions taken, and reasons for these. All records will be retained securely in the Office in school.

Whilst we acknowledge such allegations (as all others) may be false, malicious or misplaced, we also acknowledge they may be founded. It is, therefore, essential that all allegations are investigated properly and in line with agreed procedures.

Initial action to be taken:

- The person who has received an allegation or witnessed an event will immediately inform the head teacher and make a record;
- In the event that an allegation is made against the head teacher, the matter will be reported to the Chair of Governors who will proceed as the 'head teacher';
- The head teacher will take steps, where necessary, to secure the immediate safety of children and any urgent medical needs;
- The member of staff will not be approached at this stage unless it is necessary to address the immediate safety of children;
- The head teacher may need to clarify any information regarding the allegation; however no person will be interviewed at this stage;
- The head teacher (or Chair of Governors if the allegation is about the Head Teacher) will consult with the Local Authority Designated Office for Child Protection immediately, in order to determine if it is appropriate for the allegation to be dealt with by school or whether there needs to be a multi-agency response to the matter;
- The needs of the child or children will remain at the centre of all action taken. With this in mind, any referral to the Local Authority Designated Officer should also be accompanied by consultation with Kirklees – Duty and Advice Team. This is to establish from the outset whether the concerns identified meet the threshold for a Section 47 child protection investigation and/or the police in respect of any criminal investigation;
- Consideration will be given throughout to the support and information needs of pupils, parents, staff and the employee the subject of the allegation;
- The head teacher will inform the Chair of Governors of any allegation against a member of school staff;
- If consideration needs to be given to the individual's employment and immediate management of risk, advice will be sought from either Kirklees Council HR or the HR advisor employed by the school.

Annex A

Useful Contacts within the local authority

Introduction

The policy is in line with:

- West Yorkshire Consortium Safeguarding Children Procedures (see link from Kirklees Safeguarding Children Board website at www.kirkleessafeguardingchildren.co.uk or go direct to the manual at: <http://www.proceduresonline.com/westyorkscb/>)
- Working Together to Safeguard Children (2018) ([hyperlink to document](#))
- Keeping Children Safe in Education (2018) ([hyperlink to document](#))
- Information Sharing (2018) ([hyperlink to document](#))
- What to do if a child is being abused (2015) ([hyperlink to document](#))
- Children Act 1989 and Children Act 2004 ([Hyperlink to 1989 Act](#)) ([Hyperlink to 2004 Act](#))
- Education Act 2002 ([Hyperlink to Ed. Act 2002](#))
- Teaching Standards (March 2013) ([Hyperlink to document](#))
- Guidance for Safer Working Practice for those working with Children and Young People in Education Settings (SWP Consortium Oct 2015) ([hyperlink to document](#))
- Sexting in Schools and Colleges, Responding to incidents and Safeguarding young people (UK Council for Child Internet Safety – UKCCIS 2016) ([hyperlink to document](#))
- Sexual Violence and Sexual Harassment between Children in Schools and Colleges (May 2018) ([hyperlink to document](#))

Safeguarding is defined as:

- Protecting children from maltreatment;
 - Preventing impairment of children's health or development;
 - Ensuring that children are growing up in circumstances consistent with the provision of safe and effective care;
 - Taking action to enable all children to have the best outcomes
- (Working Together to Safeguard Children, 2018)

The term "Child" or "Children" refers to as anyone under the age of 18 years.

We believe that:

- schools play a key role in the prevention of abuse;
- all children have the right to be protected from harm;
- children need support which matches their individual needs, including those who may have experienced abuse.

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Appendix 1

Contact Details

Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO) Ann Crossley 01484 221000 Mobile number 07976 497654
LADO email address kirklees.LADO@kirklees.gcsx.gov.uk
LADO AnyComms address - "child protection" in drop down menu

Duty Social Workers Duty and Advice Team 01484 414960

If you need to contact Kirklees – Duty and Advice Team
In a non-emergency you can request a verbal consultation call back using email
DutyandAdvice@kirklees.gcsx.gov.uk

For secure transfer of emails from schools use Anycomms – address – "MASH" in drop down menu

Contact for practice concerns and compliments: FSCPSeniormangement@kirklees.gov.uk

Out of Hours

Emergency Duty Service 01484 414933

School Safeguarding

Learning Service

Special Schools	Mandy Cameron	01484 221000
Primary Schools	Bev Richards	01484 221000
Secondary Schools	Helen Metcalfe	01484 221000
Online safety Lead	Fiona Denham	01484 221000

Virtual School head teacher Janet Tolley 01484 221000

Kirklees Education Safeguarding Team

Service Manager: Maggie Featherstone 01484 221000

Safeguarding Officer (Schools & Learning) Michelle Hodges 01484 221000
Safeguarding Officers email schoolsafeguardingofficer@kirklees.gov.uk

Elective Home Education (EHE) 01484 22191
attendance.pupilsupport@kirklees.gov.uk

Children Missing Education 01484 221919
attendance.pupilsupport@kirklees.gov.uk

Child Employment 01484 22191
child.employment@kirklees.gov.uk

Further information: www.kirklees.gov.uk/beta/employment-information/children-and-employment.aspx

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Stronger Families www.kirklees.gov.uk/strongerfamilies

stronger.families@kirklees.gov.uk

Prevent Co-ordinator

Lee Hamilton 01484 221000

Kirklees Human Resources - Safeguarding leads

Joanne Hall – 07976 497857

Joanne Parker – 07976 497858

Gary Scargill – 07976 497848

Email: hr@kirklees.gov.uk

Child Protection Conferences

Child Protection & Review Unit 01484 225850

Online Safety incidents

National helpline

www.saferinternet.org.uk/helpline

West Yorkshire Police

Child Safeguarding Unit - Kirklees 01924 431134

Early Help Access Team (Single Assessment part 1)

earlyhelpaccessteam@kirklees.gov.uk 01484 456 823

FGM

The Female Genital Mutilation Helpline fgmhelp@nspcc.org.uk

0800 028 3550

School Documents

Guidance for Safe Working Practice for Adults who work with Children and Young People in Education settings – October 2015

<http://www.safeguardingschools.co.uk/guidance-for-safer-working-practice-for-adults-who-work-with-children-and-young-people-in-education-settings/>

Training Materials

KSCB Safeguarding Training courses www.kirkleessafeguardingchildren.com

Whole School Basic Awareness in Child Safeguarding and

Designated Safeguarding Lead – Full Course and Refresher training:

Safeguarding Officer for Schools: michelle.hodges@kirklees.gov.uk 01484 221000

Safer Recruitment Training course – Kirklees Learning Service 01484 225828

Safeguarding Governor Training

Prevent Training www.kirklees.gov.uk/beta/community-safety-partners/prevent-training 01924 483747

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