

Arctic Adventures—Year 2

Habitats

- Habitat—the place where something lives.
- A habitat must have everything that a living thing needs to survive.
- Micro habitat— A smaller habitat within a larger one.



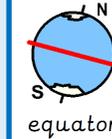
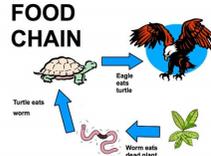
Forest Underground Ocean



Leaf litter Under a log Pond

Food chain

- A food chain shows how each living thing gets food.
- It begins with plant life and ends with animal life.

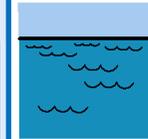


The equator is an imaginary circle around the Earth. It divides the Earth into 2 equal parts—Northern Hemisphere and Southern Hemisphere.



continent

A continent is a large area of land that covers the Earth.



ocean

Oceans are very large areas of sea that cover the Earth.



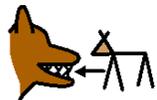
Herbivore

An animal that only eats plants.
E.g. Sheep, deer, rabbit.



Omnivore

An animal that eats plants and animals.
E.g. Humans, Chimpanzees.

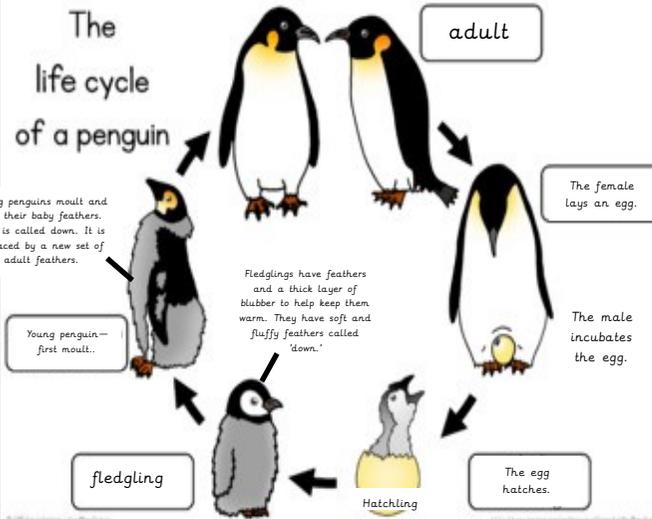


Carnivore

An animal that only eats meat.
E.g. Lions, Wolves, Polar bears

Lifecycle

- Animals including humans have babies which grow into adults.
- A lifecycle shows the process and changes living things go through when they are born to when they die.



The world has **7 continents**:

North America, South America, Africa, Europe, Asia, Australia, Antarctica.

The world has **5 oceans**:

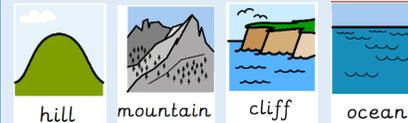
Atlantic Ocean, Indian Ocean, Pacific Ocean, Arctic Ocean, Southern Ocean

All places have **physical** and **human** features.

Physical features: things that are naturally there.

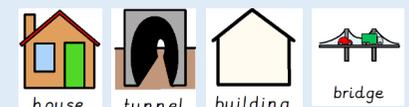
Human features: things that have been made or put there by humans.

Physical



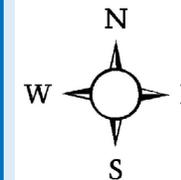
hill mountain cliff ocean

Human



house tunnel building bridge

A compass shows the direction you are travelling in or pointing towards.



North, East, South, West

are all compass directions.