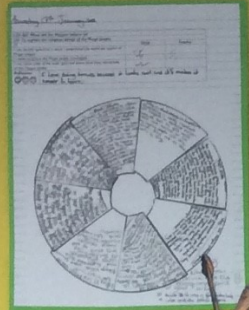


Who were the Mayans and

Q1: Who were the Mayans and where did they live?

The Maya civilization was one of the most advanced in pre-Columbian America. They were a collection of different groups that shared a common culture and language. They lived in the Yucatan Peninsula and Central America. They were known for their advanced mathematics, astronomy, and art.

Q2: What did the Mayans believe in?



Q3: What was everyday life like in Mayan society?

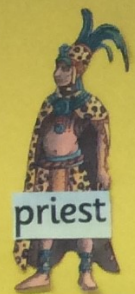
Everyday life in Mayan society was centered around agriculture and family. Men worked the fields while women managed the household. They had a strong belief in their gods and performed regular rituals. Education was passed down through oral tradition.

Q4: What can we learn about the Mayans from archaeologists?

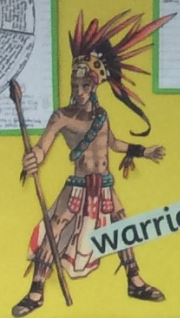
Q6: How was the Mayan society structured?

Q5: How was Mayan society structured?

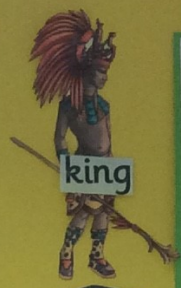
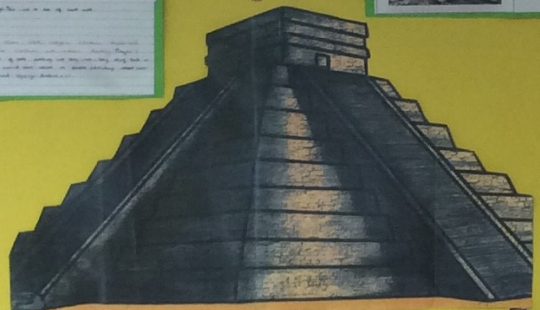
The Mayan society was a hierarchical society. At the top was the king, followed by nobles, and then the common people. They had a complex system of laws and customs. Trade was an important part of their economy.



priest



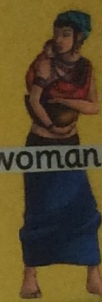
warrior



king



maize god



woman



what have we learned from them?

civilisation 3000BC to 1500AD



The ancient Maya believed that the world was created in 3114BC

The Maya lived in Mesoamerica, which included these countries: Guatemala, Mexico, Belize, Honduras and El Salvador



Tikal was the largest city and had a population of about 100,000 people



Pakal, one of Maya's longest rulers took over when he was only 6 years old

Spanish army take over the civilisation



The Maya used 4 different calendars including one they used like we do

The Maya believed in sacrificing animals and humans to please their gods



After 900AD the Maya population started to mysteriously drop



Temple IV in Tikal, Guatemala was the tallest Maya pyramid at 70m tall

