Overview

Medical supplies include a variety of commodities with different regulatory and storage/transportation requirements. Most medical supplies utilised by humanitarian partners as part of the Ukraine response include:

- Pharmaceuticals (under 30°C)
- Pharmaceuticals (+2°C to +8°C)
- Disposable medical devices
- Reusable medical equipment, instruments, devices
- Controlled substances (narcotics)
- Dangerous goods
- Medical infrastructure (mobile clinic, ambulance, etc)

Poland

CUSTOMS

The Logistics Cluster cannot support customs processes and cannot be listed as Consignee. Supplies coming from inside of the European Union (EU) have no issues with movement inside of Poland or other EU countries. Supplies coming from outside of the EU must be either cleared into the EU or transit through the EU on a T1.

- If you are registered in Poland: Supplies can be stored in Poland warehouses if required until movement can be facilitated in Ukraine. Each organisation is responsible for processing export requirements for the EU prior to movement into Ukraine.
- If you are not registered in Poland: Supplies must be transited using a freight forwarder directly into Lviv. The freight forwarder can open and close the T1 in line with regulations.

STORAGE

The process for storage within Poland is dependent on if the supplies have been cleared within the EU or are transiting on a T1. Within the EU there are strict regulatory requirements overseen by the European Medicine Agency related to pharmaceutical and medical supply storage including certification for Good Storage Practices (GSP) and Good Distribution Practices (GDP).

- The Logistics Cluster common warehouses in Poland are not pharmaceutical grade and are unable under EU regulation to receive pharmaceuticals, disposable medical devices, reusable medical devices, controlled substances and dangerous medical goods.
- Medical infrastructure can in theory be stored in any Logistics Cluster common warehouse in the EU. Requests will be dealt with on a case-by-case basis.
- There are several private storage solutions for pharmaceuticals via the various international Freight Forwarders available (bonded and non-bonded).

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TRANSPORTATION

The process for transportation within Poland is dependent on if the supplies have been cleared within the EU or are transiting on a T1. Within the EU there are strict regulatory requirements overseen by the European Medicine Agency related to pharmaceutical and medical supply storage including certification for GSP and GDP.

- The Logistics Cluster can transport medical infrastructure from any common storage in Poland to Ukraine hubs. Requests will be dealt with on a case-by-case basis.
- The majority of global freight forwarders are able to deliver into Lviv.

Ukraine

CUSTOMS

The Logistics Cluster cannot support customs processes and cannot be listed as Consignee. Partners are required to ensure all relevant customs documents are processed including export from the EU (when supplies are cleared inside the EU) as well as importation into Ukraine. Importation into Ukraine should follow the normal process for expedited clearance for humanitarian cargo.

- Export of pharmaceuticals, medical devices, equipment and infrastructure from the EU should follow normal procedures.
- Export of narcotics from the EU requires an import permit from the receiving country (Ukraine). As there are blanket importation exemptions in Ukraine this is currently causing a bottleneck. WHO is attempting to find a solution with the Ministry of Health of Ukraine to resolve this issue and will share a Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) once completed.
- Vehicles for medical use (ambulance, mobile clinics, etc) must be registered with ministry of internal affairs, and registered for Ukrainian number plates.
- Importation into Ukraine should follow normal procedure for all humanitarian cargo implemented by the Ukrainian government in March 2022.

STORAGE

The Logistics Cluster is not facilitating access to warehouses in Ukraine designed to manage medical supplies. If partners require use of the current storage solutions in Ukraine, it is at the discretion of the partner to decide to store the goods in these warehouses. The Logistics Cluster is not liable for product degradation or damage associated with non-compliance of GSP/GDP. The Logistics Cluster will not be able to facilitate tracking of batch number/lot/expiry information for partners, however it can facilitate access to the facilities if required. Partners are responsible to maintain their own inventory management to ensure that all supplies are dispatched before the expiry date of the product. In case of expired or damaged products, the Logistics Cluster will not be responsible for managing destruction or incineration. The partner must collect and destroy the items themselves. The Logistics Cluster will not be responsible for managing product recall, the partner must manage this process themselves.

- Pharmaceuticals (under 30°C), disposable medical devices, reusable medical equipment, dangerous goods and infrastructure: Submit a Service Request Form (SRF) as normal, indicating in the comment section that the partner recognises and accepts that storage conditions are not GSP/GDP certified.
- Controlled substances: The Logistics Cluster has no mechanism for controlled access areas within the warehouses. When submitting an SRF as normal, partners are confirming that they accept this risk.

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Pharmaceuticals (+2°C to +8°C): The Logistics Cluster currently only has storage options for +2°C to +8°C goods in Dnipro.

**TRANSPORTATION**

The Logistics Cluster has no transport solutions in Ukraine designed to manage medical supplies. If partners require use of the current transport solutions in Ukraine, it is at the discretion of the partner to decide to utilise the transport under these conditions. The Logistics Cluster is not liable for product degradation or damage associated with non-compliance of GSP/GDP. The Logistics Cluster is not responsible for any deviations in temperature impacting the quality of the products or monitoring data loggers.

- For pharmaceuticals (under 30°C), disposable medical devices, reusable medical equipment, controlled substances, dangerous goods and infrastructure: Submit an SRF as normal, indicating in the comment section that the partner recognises and accepts that transport conditions are not GDP certified.
- Pharmaceuticals (+2°C to +8°C): Partners to ensure supplies are packed in passive cold chain boxes with at least 72-hour cool boxes. Partners are suggested to include data loggers so they can ensure any deviations in temperature can be used to inform utilization of goods. The Logistics Cluster is not responsible for monitoring or reviewing temperature data loggers. Submit an SRF as normal, indicating in the comment section that the partner recognises and accepts that transport conditions are not GDP certified and goods will be packed in compliant passive cold chain.

**Contact**

Logistics Cluster Ukraine
ukraine.logisticscluster@wfp.org

https://logcluster.org/ops/ukr22a
## Ukraine Emergency

Utilisation of Logistics Cluster common services for medical supplies, 19 April 2022

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Logistics Cluster Common Storage</th>
<th>Pharmaceuticals (under 30°C)</th>
<th>Pharmaceuticals (2-8°C)</th>
<th>Disposable medical devices</th>
<th>Reusable medical equipment, instruments, devices</th>
<th>Controlled substances – narcotics</th>
<th>Dangerous /hazardous goods</th>
<th>Medical Infrastructure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Warsaw</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes - case-by-case</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rzeszow</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes - case-by-case</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lublin</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes - case-by-case</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lviv</td>
<td>Yes – partners recognise that supplies will be stored in general cargo without oversight/guarantee on GSP/GDP. Partners to indicate this on SRF.</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes – partners recognise that supplies will be stored in general cargo without oversight/ guarantee on GSP/GDP. Partners to indicate this on SRF.</td>
<td>Yes – partners recognise that supplies will be stored in general cargo without oversight/ guarantee on GSP/GDP. Partners to indicate this on SRF.</td>
<td>Yes – partners recognise that supplies will be stored in general cargo without oversight/ guarantee on GSP/GDP. Partners to indicate this on SRF.</td>
<td>Yes - case-by-case</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kyiv</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
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<td>Yes - case-by-case</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dnipro</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes – partners recognise that supplies will be stored in general cargo without oversight/ guarantee on GSP/GDP. Partners to indicate this on SRF.</td>
<td>Yes – partners recognise that supplies will be stored in general cargo without oversight/ guarantee on GSP/GDP. Partners to indicate this on SRF.</td>
<td>Yes – partners recognise that supplies will be stored in general cargo without oversight/ guarantee on GSP/GDP. Partners to indicate this on SRF.</td>
<td>Yes - case-by-case</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kropyvnytskyi</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes - case-by-case</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ternopil</td>
<td>No</td>
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<td>No</td>
<td>Yes - case-by-case</td>
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<tr>
<td>Odessa</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
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<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes - case-by-case</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chernivtsi</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes - case-by-case</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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## Ukraine Emergency

Utilisation of Logistics Cluster common services for medical supplies, 19 April 2022

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Logistics Cluster Transport lines</th>
<th>Pharmaceuticals (under 30 °C)</th>
<th>Pharmaceuticals (2-8 °C)</th>
<th>Disposable medical devices</th>
<th>Reusable medical equipment, instruments, devices</th>
<th>Controlled substances – narcotics</th>
<th>Dangerous/hazardous goods</th>
<th>Medical Infrastructure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All truck movements from Poland to Ukraine</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes - case-by-case</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All truck movements in Ukraine, including coordinated truck movements to hard-to-reach areas.</td>
<td>Yes – partners recognise that supplies will be stored in general cargo without oversight/guarantee on GSP/GDP. Partners to indicate this on SRF.</td>
<td>Yes - partners required to pack supplies in a passive cold chain solution for at least 72h transport. Partners recognise that supplies will be stored in general cargo without oversight/guarantee on GSP/GDP. Partners to indicate this on SRF.</td>
<td>Yes – partners recognise that supplies will be stored in general cargo without oversight/guarantee on GSP/GDP. Partners to indicate this on SRF.</td>
<td>Yes – partners recognise that supplies will be stored in GC without oversight/guarantee on GSP/GDP. Partners to indicate this on SRF.</td>
<td>Yes – partners recognise that supplies will be stored in GC without oversight/guarantee on GSP/GDP. Partners to indicate this on SRF.</td>
<td>Yes – partners recognise that supplies will be stored in GC without oversight/guarantee on GSP/GDP. Partners to indicate this on SRF.</td>
<td>Yes - case-by-case</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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