

OCN London Reasonable Adjustments and Special Considerations Policy

1. Scope

- 1.1. The intended audience for this document is:
- OCN London staff.
 - All centre staff responsible for Assessment and Quality Assurance.
 - Apprenticeship Employers.
 - External Quality Assurers (EQA).
 - Apprenticeship Assessors (AAs).
 - Access to HE External Moderators.
 - Key stakeholders involved in unit and qualification development.
 - Qualifications Regulators.
- 1.2. This policy applies to:
- Qualifications and units approved under the Regulated Qualifications Framework (RQF).
 - Non qualification units approved by OCN London.
 - Access to HE Diplomas.
- 1.3 This policy also applies to OCN London's End-Point Assessment Organisation (EPAO) services and covers Reasonable Adjustments and Special Considerations for all apprentices undertaking End-Point Assessments (EPAs) delivered by OCN London

2. Purpose

- 2.1. The guidance sets out:
- The principles which should be followed when making decisions about adjustments to assessment.
 - The procedures which should be followed when making adjustments to assessment requirements.
- 2.2. OCN London has a duty to ensure that the integrity of our qualifications, units and assessment is maintained at all times. At the same time OCN London and centres have a duty to ensure that the rights of individual learners to access qualifications, units and assessment in a way most appropriate for their individual needs are upheld. Disability and equal opportunity legislation and the regulatory criteria give support and guidance to awarding organisations and centres in creating an inclusive assessment process.

- 2.3. Note where the terms 'access-related needs' or 'access-related issues' are used in this guidance, they refer to any entitlement to access the assessment process resulting from legislation, regulation, or good practice, provided that the standards of the assessment are maintained.
- 2.4. OCN London's qualifications and units are developed to National Standards of knowledge, skills, and competences. These are defined in the units of assessment as learning outcomes and assessment criteria. The unit assessment grids or benchmark assessments and where appropriate external assessments ensure that the required standards are met, these cannot be altered outside the unit and qualification approval process.

3. Definitions

- 3.1. A **reasonable adjustment** is any action that helps to reduce the effect of a disability or difficulty that places the learner at a substantial disadvantage in the assessment situation.
- 3.2. Reasonable adjustments must not affect the reliability and validity of the assessment outcomes, but may involve:
 - Changing usual assessment arrangements, for example allowing a learner extra time to complete the assessment activity.
 - Adapting assessment materials, such as providing materials in Braille.
 - Providing assistance during assessment, such as a sign language interpreter or a reader.
 - Re-organising the assessment room, such as removing visual stimuli for a learner with autism.
 - Changing the assessment method, for example from a written assessment to a spoken assessment.
 - Using assistive technology, such as screen reading or voice activated software.
- 3.3. Reasonable adjustments are approved or set in place **before** the assessment activity takes place; they constitute an arrangement to give the learner access to the units and qualification. The work produced by the learner will be marked in the same way as the work of other assessed learners.
- 3.4. Awarding organisations and centres are only required by law to do what is 'reasonable' in terms of giving access. What is reasonable will depend on the individual circumstances, the impact of the disability on the individual, cost implications and the practicality and effectiveness of the adjustment. Other

factors, such as the need to maintain competence should be taken into consideration.

- 3.5. A **Special Consideration** is an access arrangement taken where a learner's performance in completing an assessment is or would be affected by unforeseen circumstances which are out of their control. This includes where a learner may be suffering from a temporary illness or condition. A Special Consideration can be requested, approved and applied both before and after an assessment has taken place.

4. Types of Assessment and Reasonable Adjustments

- 4.1. Different types of assessment make different demands on the learner and will influence whether reasonable adjustments will be needed and the kind of reasonable adjustment which may be put in place.
- 4.2. The adjustments that are appropriate for a particular assessment will depend upon:
- The specific assessment requirements of the units and/or qualification.
 - The type of assessment.
 - The particular needs and circumstances of the individual learner.

5. Identifying learners who are eligible for reasonable adjustments

- 5.1. The centre has a responsibility to ensure it has effective internal procedures for identifying learner's needs and that these procedures comply with the requirements of Equalities legislation.
- 5.2. A centre should use the following guide:
- Identify those learners who are having difficulties or are likely to have difficulties accessing assessment.
 - Identify whether reasonable adjustments may be needed.
 - Identify the appropriate adjustment.
 - Ensure that the adjustment is in accordance with the OCN London guidelines.
- 5.3. Any adjustment to assessment will be based on what the learner needs to access the assessment. Below are some examples of learner needs that may be adjustments to assessments. This list is not exhaustive, and it should be noted that some learner needs will fall within more than one of the categories set out below:
- Communication and interaction needs.
 - Cognition and learning needs.

- Sensory and physical needs.
 - Behavioural, emotional, and social needs.
- 5.4. The learner will be eligible for reasonable adjustments if their performance during an assessment is likely to be substantially affected by a particular impairment. Many of these learners will be defined as being disabled under the Equalities Act 2010.
- 5.5. An adjustment to assessment should only be considered where the difficulty experienced places the learner at a substantial disadvantage, in comparison with persons who are not disabled. Where the difficulty is minor, the centre should assist the learner by offering help with study and assessment skills.
- 5.6. A learner does not necessarily have to be disabled (as defined by the Equalities Act 2010) to be entitled to reasonable adjustments to assessment. Every learner who is disabled will also not necessarily be entitled to or need an adjustment to assessment. The learner may have developed coping mechanisms which minimise or remove the need for assistance.

6. Reasonable Adjustments Procedure

Internally set assessments

- 6.1. The centre must contact OCN London to discuss alternative arrangements that may be appropriate for specific situations.
- 6.2. These types of assessment form the basis of the majority of OCN London assessment activity. With these types of assessments, the centre has greater flexibility to be responsive to an individual learner's needs and choose an assessment activity and method that will allow the learner to demonstrate attainment.
- 6.3. These types of assessments may include, for example, coursework, set assignments which are researched in the learner's own time, assessment activities devised by the centre or OCN London assessments where the learner has to collect evidence in order to demonstrate competence. The assessment requirements for the majority of related units and qualifications fall into this group.
- 6.4. In these types of assessments, the learner may meet the specified assessment criteria in any way that is valid. To facilitate access where there is evidence of need, the centre may allow the learner to use any mechanical, electronic or other aids in order to demonstrate achievement as long as the aids:
- Are generally commercially available.
 - Reflect the learner's normal way of working.

- Enable the learner to meet the specified criteria.
 - Do not give the learner an unfair advantage.
- 6.5. The centre may present assessment materials or documents in a way that reflects the learner's normal way of working and enables him or her to meet the specified assessment criteria, for example, materials do not have to be in written format, unless specified by the assessment requirements.
- 6.6. The centre may allow the learner to present their answers or evidence in any format as long as it enables them to demonstrate that they have met the assessment criteria, for example, answers or evidence do not have to be in written format unless specified by the assessment criteria.
- 6.7. The centre is advised to adopt a flexible approach in identifying alternative ways of achieving the assessment requirements.
- 6.8. The outcome produced by the learner must at all times:
- Meet the requirements of the specifications regardless of the process or method used.
 - Be as rigorous as assessment methods used with other learners.
 - Be assessable.
 - Be able to be quality assured.
- 6.9. In the case of long-term illness of an individual learner or when a permanent health condition/disability means a learner's completion of assessment takes additional time it may be possible to permit an extension. These requests should be considered on an individual basis in collaboration with the centre. A centre should note that it will not be possible to allow time extensions for all units and qualifications.
- 6.10. The benefits of being able to vary the assessment evidence and choose the most appropriate method of obtaining evidence should be considered when the learner is first accepted onto a programme.
- 6.11. Where there is an identified need, the learner may present their evidence in any format as long as it enables them to demonstrate that they have met the specified assessment criteria. For example, a learner may present their evidence through the medium of Braille, on audio cassette or on video. Alternatively, oral questioning or witness statements may replace written responses. Where evidence is produced in Braille or signed onto video, it is the centre's responsibility to ensure that a person who is suitably qualified in Braille or sign language is available to provide additional information to support the Internal and External Quality Assurance process.

- 6.12. The learner must fulfil the demands of the criteria, regardless of method used to obtain the evidence. The assessment criteria **must** not be amended, reworded or omitted.
- 6.13. The learner may use any mechanical or electronic aids which are available in the workplace or which are commercially available in order to demonstrate competence. For example, these may include specially adapted equipment or assistive technology.
- 6.14. The centre is required to provide the necessary resources to enable a learner with access-related needs to produce evidence of developing the portfolio.
- 6.15. All adjustments should be consistent with the learner's normal way of working and must not give the learner an unfair advantage over others.
- 6.16. While assessors, IQAs and EQAs normally prefer to see a portfolio made up of evidence which is varied, the centre should be prepared to accept a more restrictive variety of evidence as a means of enabling access. It is sensible, however, to discuss this matter with the IQA and EQA at an early stage.
- 6.17. It may sometimes be the case that some full qualifications are inaccessible because of a learner's inability to demonstrate competence in all parts of the qualification. In these cases, centres should contact OCN London to discuss.

Externally set assessments

- 6.18. Externally set assessments can either be internally or externally assessed. Whether the assessment is internally or externally assessed approval is required from OCN London.

7. Identifying and Obtaining Supporting Evidence

- 7.1. In order to ensure that any adjustment to assessment will only provide the learner with the necessary assistance without giving him or her an unfair advantage over others, the centre must be clear about the extent to which the learner is affected by the disability or difficulty.
- 7.2. Where the centre can verify evidence of the disability or difficulty and where the implications are clear, such as for a learner with physical difficulties, profound hearing impairment or who are registered as blind or partially sighted, the centre does not need to provide further evidence of these physical difficulties.
- 7.3. Where the implications of the difficulty are not obvious, such as for learning difficulties, or mental health difficulties, the centre will have to provide additional

evidence of the effect of the impairment on the learner's performance in the assessment.

7.4. Any of the following types of evidence would be acceptable. The centre should decide which of these will best assist understanding of the learner's situation:

- Evidence of assessment of the learner's needs in relation to the particular assessment, made within the centre by the relevant member of staff with competence and responsibility in this area; staff include learning support staff, teaching staff, trainers, assessors and other specialist staff. If necessary, external experts may be called upon to assess the learner. This evidence should include an indication of how the centre plans to meet the learner's needs and should show that the candidate can cope with the level and content of the assessment. The evidence should be documented for audit purposes. Information from previous centres attended by the learner may also be included.
- Normal way of working. This should include information about the support received by the learner during the learning or training programme and during formative assessments. Evidence of the way in which the learner's needs are being met during the learning programme should be documented for audit purposes.
- Written evidence produced by independent, authoritative, specialists. This could take the form of medical, psychological or professional reports or assessments. These reports should state the name, title and professional credentials of the person who wrote the report. The report should set out the nature of the difficulty and extent to which the learner is affected by the difficulty, including the effects of any medication that the learner may be taking. In cases where it might be expected that there could be changes in the way the learner is affected by the difficulty, there will have to be recent and relevant evidence of assessments and consultations carried out by an independent expert.

7.5. A learner with a Statement of Special Educational Need does not automatically qualify for reasonable adjustments. The demands of the units and qualification should be taken into account. The reasons for the statement may have only limited effect on achievement in the assessment.

7.6. It is the centre's responsibility to ensure that all applications for reasonable adjustments are based on the individual need of the learner and that the evidence in support of the application is sufficient, reliable and valid. A centre should maintain records of all cases for audit purposes and to monitor the effectiveness of the reasonable adjustments which have been made.

8. Applying for Reasonable Adjustments

- 8.1. The centre is required to apply for adjustments to externally set assessments on behalf of the learner. (See Appendix 1).
- 8.2. A centre should apply for reasonable adjustments using the form supplied by OCN London. A separate form should be completed for each learner and submitted by the deadline stipulated by OCN London. It should be noted that applications received after the deadline may not be processed in time for the learner to take the assessment. The application should be signed and dated by a member of the centre staff who has formally been given delegated authority for this by the Head of Centre and should include the following declaration:
 - The information in the application is accurate.
 - The centre will be able to provide the arrangements requested if their use is approved by the OCN London.
 - The reasonable adjustment will be implemented in accordance with the guidance given by the OCN London.
 - The centre will not exceed the allowances given.

9. The range of reasonable adjustments

- 9.1. The Permissions Table (Appendix 1) lists the most commonly requested adjustments to standard assessment arrangements in a template which can be used when considering where the decisions on applying different reasonable adjustments need to be applied. It is not intended to be a comprehensive list and centres are advised to contact OCN London for advice on alternative ways of accessing assessment for particular situations.
- 9.2. Internal and External Quality Assurers have a duty to seek advice from OCN London in any case where they do not consider that they have the necessary expertise to judge whether a reasonable adjustment is needed, and/or how it should be applied. The following sections provide guidance for centres on how various types of reasonable adjustments should be implemented.
- 9.3. Centres should note that:
 - Not all the adjustments to assessments described below will be reasonable, permissible or practical in particular situations. If in doubt, the centre should contact OCN London for advice. In some circumstances it may be more appropriate to select an alternative assessment task for the learner.

- The learner may not need, nor be allowed, the same adjustment for all units and qualifications. Some learners may need a single adjustment; others may require a combination of several adjustments.
- Adjustments to assessments will most commonly be needed for assessments which are taken under constrained/examination conditions.
- The list of reasonable adjustments is organised under the following headings:

Extra Time	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Invariably applied to examination-based assessment. • Extra time should not be allowed where its use will invalidate the assessment criteria. • Extra time should not give the learner an unfair advantage over others. • The amount of extra time must be realistic.
Supervised rest breaks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Centres should ensure that both the learner and their work is supervised during the break. • The duration of the break should not be deducted from the assessment time. • Rest breaks should not be allowed where their use would invalidate the assessment criteria.
Changes in organisation of the assessment room	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The centre should consider the needs of each individual learner and, where possible, arrange the assessment room to suit the learner.
Separate accommodation within the centre	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Centres should ensure that, where learners are accommodated separately for assessments taken under examination conditions, usual examination conditions apply and separate invigilation is arranged.
Taking the assessment at an alternative venue	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For assessments taken under examination conditions, standard examination conditions should be in place at the alternative venue and the standard procedures for security of assessment material and despatch of the learner's work should be followed.
Use of coloured overlays, low vision aids, tinted spectacles, cctv and ocr scanners	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The learner should be familiar with how the aid works. • The use of aids should not give the learner an unfair advantage over other learners or invalidate the assessment criteria. Use of assistive technology • The learner should be familiar with how the assistive technology works. • The assistive technology should not give the learner an unfair advantage over other learners or invalidate the assessment criteria.
Use of bilingual dictionaries and bilingual translation dictionaries	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The use of a bilingual dictionary should not give the learner an unfair advantage over other learners or invalidate the assessment criteria.

Assessment material in enlarged format	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Where appropriate, the centre should meet OCN London deadlines for requesting enlarged assessment material. • In cases where the centre is permitted by the OCN London to enlarge assessment material, the centre should take responsibility for the security of the material and for ensuring that the entire document is enlarged.
Assessment material in Braille	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Where appropriate, the centre should meet OCN London deadlines for requesting brailled assessment material. • In cases where the centre is permitted by OCN London to braille assessment material, the centre should take responsibility for the security of the material and for ensuring that the entire document is brailled.
Assessment material in BSL	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The centre should meet OCN London deadlines for requesting assessment material in BSL. • In cases where the centre is permitted to translate the assessment material into BSL, it should take responsibility for the security of the material and for the accuracy of the translation. • The centre should provide sufficient playback equipment that is in full working order.
Assessment material on coloured paper	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Where appropriate, the centre should meet OCN London deadlines for requesting externally set assessment material on coloured paper. • Where the centre is permitted to modify the assessment material, it should take responsibility for the security of the assessment material and for the accuracy of the modification.
Assessment material in audio format	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Where appropriate, the centre should meet OCN London deadlines for requesting assessment material in audio format. • Where the centre is permitted to produce an audio version of the assessment material, they should take responsibility for the security of the material and for ensuring that the entire document is copied. The centre should ensure that sufficient playback equipment is provided in full working order.
Use of ICT to present responses	<p>The centre should ensure that the:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • computer is used solely by the learner and not by someone acting on the learner's behalf unless the learner has permission to use a scribe. • computer is working correctly at the time of an assessment. It is the centre's responsibility to arrange the ICT provision for the learner. • learner has access only to those facilities (for example spell/grammar checker, voice activated

	<p>software, speech reading software,) which have been agreed in advance with OCN London.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • learner is not able to gain unauthorised or inappropriate access to existing files or documents. • computer should be free-standing and not be connected to the Internet, unless this is required in the assessment or provides no advantage to the learner. • learner is accommodated separately if the use of a computer is likely to distract other learners. In this case separate invigilation should be arranged. • learner is present when his/her work is printed. It is normal practice for a printed version of the learner's work to be submitted and authenticated for assessment. • the learner should be proficient in the use of the computer and its software. • the learner's work is saved frequently and, if possible, using an auto-save facility.
Responses recorded through audio / video	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The centre should check whether permission should be sought from OCN London to record the learner's responses digitally or otherwise. • Recording the learner's responses should not be allowed where it will invalidate the assessment requirements. • The centre should ensure that the appropriate recording equipment is provided in full working order. • The learner using recording equipment should be accommodated separately, with separate invigilation, where its use will disturb other learners.
Responses in BSL	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The centre should check whether permission should be sought from OCN London to sign the learner's responses on video. • Signing of the learner's responses on video should not be allowed where it will invalidate the assessment requirements.
Reader	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The centre should check that the use of a reader is the most appropriate arrangement to enable the learner to undertake the assessment. The centre should select a reader and fully brief him/her on their responsibilities. • A separate invigilator should be present when a reader is used. • A reader should not be allowed where such use would invalidate the assessment requirements.

Scribe	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The centre should check that the use of scribe is the most appropriate arrangement to enable the learner to undertake the assessment. • The centre should select a scribe and fully brief him/her on their responsibilities. • The scribe must record sign and date each page or otherwise clarify who they are and clarify that the written work was scribed by them and is an accurate record of the learner's responses. • A separate invigilator should ideally be present when a scribe is used.
BSL interpreter	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The centre should check that the use of BSL interpreter is the most appropriate arrangement to enable the learner to undertake the assessment. • The centre should select a BSL interpreter and fully brief him/her on their responsibilities. • A separate invigilator should be present when a BSL interpreter is used. • A BSL interpreter should not be allowed where such use would invalidate the assessment requirements. • The BSL interpreter should have an appropriate qualification in the sign language so as not to disadvantage the learner.
Prompter	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The centre should check that the use of a prompter is the most appropriate arrangement to enable the learner to undertake the assessment. • The centre should select a prompter and fully brief him/her on their responsibilities. • A separate invigilator should be present when a prompter is used. A prompter should not be allowed where such use would invalidate the assessment requirements.

10. The range of reasonable adjustments

- 10.1. A centre should keep records for audit purposes where they are permitted to agree reasonable adjustments, where they apply to OCN London for permission or where they agree adjustments to assessment with the EQA.
- 10.2. The centre should retain a copy of the application form and supporting evidence sent to OCN London, and relevant documentation received from OCN London. These records are classed as assessment records and should be kept for at least **3 years** from the end of the year to which they relate.

11. Special consideration

- 11.1. Each request for special consideration for externally set assessments will be unique to each learner or assessment. These guidelines offer some broad principles for the centre to follow. Further information should be sought in each case from OCN London.
- 11.2. A learner who is fully prepared and present for a scheduled assessment may be eligible for special consideration if:
- Performance in an assessment is affected by circumstances beyond the control of the learner for example recent personal illness, accident, bereavement, serious disturbance during the assessment.
 - Alternative assessment arrangements which were agreed in advance of the assessment prove inappropriate or inadequate.
 - Part of an assessment has been missed due to circumstances beyond the control of the learner.
 - There is a sufficient difference between the part of the assessment to which special consideration is applied and other parts of the qualifications that have been achieved to infer that the learner could have performed more successfully in the assessment.
- 11.3. A learner will not be eligible for special consideration if:
- No evidence is supplied by the centre that the learner has been affected at the time of the assessment by a particular condition.
 - Any part of the assessment is missed due to personal arrangements including holidays or unauthorised absence.
 - Preparation for a component is affected by difficulties during the course, for example disturbances through building work, lack of proper facilities, changes in or shortages of staff, or industrial disputes.
- 11.4. Centres should note that, where an assessment requires the learner to demonstrate practical competence or where criteria have to be met fully, or in the case of qualifications that confer a Licence to Practice, it may not be possible to apply special consideration.
- 11.5. In some circumstances, for example for on-demand assessments, it may be more appropriate to offer the learner an opportunity to take the assessment at a later date.
- 11.6. Special consideration should not give the learner an unfair advantage neither should its use cause the user of the certificate to be misled regarding a learner's

achievements. The learner's result must reflect his/her achievement in the assessment and not necessarily his/her potential ability.

12. Applying for special considerations

- 12.1. A centre should apply for special consideration using the form supplied by OCN London. A separate form should normally be completed for each learner for each unit or qualification. However, in cases where a group of learners has been disadvantaged by a particular event (for example fire alarm) a single form should be submitted. A list of learners affected should be attached to the form.
- 12.2. The learner needs to submit evidence in support of special consideration. This may include medical evidence or a statement from the invigilator or any other appropriate information.
- 12.3. The application should be signed and dated by a member of the centre staff who has formally been given delegated authority by the Head of Centre. The signatory must declare that the information given is accurate.
- 12.4. The application for special consideration should be submitted as soon as possible after the assessment and **not later than seven working days** after the examination. Requests for special consideration may only be accepted after the results of the examination have been released in the following circumstances:
 - Application has been overlooked at the centre and the oversight is confirmed by the Head of Centre.
 - Medical evidence comes to light about a learner's condition, which demonstrates that the learner was affected by the condition at the time of the examination, even though the problem revealed itself only after the assessment.
 - For on-screen assessments where results are immediately available.
- 12.5. If the application for special consideration is successful, the learner's performance will be reviewed in the light of available evidence. It should be noted that a successful application of special consideration will not necessarily change a learner's result.

13. Useful links

- 13.1. The OCN London Equality Policy and the OCN London Assessment Definitions document can be found on the OCN London website at www.ocnlondon.org.uk.

14. Policy responsibility and review

- 14.1. OCN London will review the policy and procedure periodically and revise it when necessary, in response to customer and stakeholder feedback, changes in practice, requirements of the Qualifications Regulators or external agencies or changes in legislation. The review will ensure that procedures continue to be consistent with the regulatory criteria and are applied properly and fairly.

Appendix 1: Permissions Table

A reasonable adjustment is any action that helps to reduce the effect of a disability or difficulty that places the candidate at a substantial disadvantage in the assessment situation but must not affect the reliability and validity of the assessment outcomes.

Reasonable adjustments are usually made to the assessment to accommodate the needs of a single or small number of learners. Reasonable adjustments should be approved or set in place **before** the assessment activity takes place. Reasonable adjustments permitted at the discretion of the centre should be agreed with the IQA and included in the sampling process for internal quality assurance.

The Permissions Table lists the most commonly requested adjustments to standard assessment arrangements. It is not intended to be a comprehensive list and Centres and IQAs **must** seek advice from OCN London in any case where they do not consider that they have the necessary expertise to judge whether a reasonable adjustment is needed, and/or how it should be applied.

KEY:

A – Reasonable adjustment permitted at the discretion of the centre

B – Apply to OCN LONDON for permission

Reasonable adjustment	Internally set and internally assessed	Externally set and internally assessed	Externally set and externally assessed
Extra time	A	B	B
Supervised rest breaks	A	A	B
Changes in organisation of the assessment room	A	A	B
Separate accommodation within the centre	A	A	A
Taking the assessment at an alternative venue	A	A	A
Use of coloured overlays, low vision aids, tinted spectacles, CCTV and OCR scanners	A	A	A
Use of assistive technology	A	B	B
Use of bilingual dictionaries and bilingual translation dictionaries	A/B*	B	B
Assessment material in enlarged format	A	B	B
Assessment material in Braille	A	B	B
Assessment material in BSL	A	B	B

Assessment material on coloured paper	A	A	B
Assessment material in audio format	A	B	B
Use of ICT to present responses	A	A	B
Responses recorded through audio / video	A	B	B
Reader	B	B	B
Scribe	B	B	B
Responses in BSL	B	B	B
BSL interpreter	B	B	B
Prompter	B	B	B

**** Use of bilingual dictionary should be carefully considered to ensure that the validity of assessment outcomes are not compromised***

Appendix 2: Form to Apply for Reasonable Adjustments

A reasonable adjustment is any action that helps to reduce the effect of a disability or difficulty that places the learner at a substantial disadvantage in the assessment situation. Reasonable adjustments must not affect the reliability and validity of assessment outcomes and must be as rigorous as assessment methods used with other learners.

Please read the Reasonable Adjustment and Special Consideration policy and procedure prior to completing this form. The Permissions Table (Appendix 1) lists the most commonly requested adjustments to standard assessment arrangements. Reasonable adjustments permitted at the discretion of the centre should be agreed with the IQA and included in the sampling process for internal moderation. For all other reasonable adjustments please complete this form.

This form should be used by centres to apply for reasonable adjustments on behalf of each individual learner. If the learner is registered on a number of units please list all the units on this form, do NOT submit individual applications for each unit. The form should be submitted to OCN London (as indicated in the Permissions Table) at least 15 working days prior to the learner undertaking the assessment. Requests for Braille translations must be submitted at least 30 working days prior to the learner undertaking the assessment.

PLEASE KEEP A COPY OF THIS APPLICATION FOR AT LEAST 3 YEARS FROM THE END OF THE YEAR TO WHICH IT RELATES

Centre name:	
Centre Number:	
Site Address:	
Date of assessment:	
Time of assessment:	
Qualification Code and Title (if applicable):	
Unit title / code:	
Unit(s) title / level:	

Details of learner for which application is made:		
Name	Learner Registration No.	Post Code

Reason for application

Reasonable adjustments required:

Supporting evidence:

- This must include one or more of:
- The centre's assessments of candidate's / learner's needs
- history of provision within the centre
- medical certificate
- psychological or other professional assessment report.

Please provide details of supporting evidence:

Please provide details of how the reliability and validity of the assessment will be maintained:

Declaration:

I confirm that:

- the information in the application is accurate;
- the centre will be able to provide the arrangements requested if the application is approved by OCN London.
- the reasonable adjustments will be implemented in accordance with the guidance given by OCN London.
- the Centre will not exceed the allowances given.

Name:	
Signature:	
Date	
Position at Centre:	
Contact Number:	
E-mail address:	

For OCN London use only

Application Received:	Application acknowledged:	Application agreed:
Further action:		

Appendix 3: Form to apply for Special Consideration

Special consideration is a process that allows learners that suffer from temporary illness, injury or indisposition at the time of an assessment to demonstrate the achievement they are capable of for the units that are subject to special consideration.

Special consideration may be given following a scheduled assessment to a learner:

- who is present for the assessment but who may have been disadvantaged by temporary illness, injury or adverse circumstances which arose at or near the time of the assessment;
- where alternative assessment arrangements which were agreed in advance of the assessment prove inappropriate or inadequate;
- who misses part of the assessment due to circumstances outside their control.

A learner will NOT be eligible for special consideration if:

- no evidence is supplied by the centre that the learner has been affected at the time of the assessment by a particular condition;
- any part of the assessment is missed due to personal arrangements including holidays or unauthorised absence;
- preparation for the assessment is affected by difficulties during the course e.g. disturbances through building work, lack of proper facilities, changes in or shortages of staff or industrial disputes.

Centres should note that, where an assessment requires the learner to demonstrate practical competence, it may not be possible to apply special consideration. In addition, in some circumstances, it may be more appropriate to offer the learner an opportunity to take the assessment at a later date rather than apply special considerations. Please consult the Access to fair assessment policy and procedure prior to completion of the form.

This form should be used by centres to apply for special consideration on behalf of each individual learner or assessment. This application should be submitted as soon as possible after the assessment and not later than seven working days after the assessment.

PLEASE RETAIN A COPY OF THIS FORM FOR AT LEAST 3 YEARS FROM THE END OF THE YEAR TO WHICH IT RELATES

Centre name:	
Centre Number:	
Site Address:	
Date of assessment:	
Time of assessment:	
Qualification Code and Title (if applicable):	
Unit title / code:	
Unit(s) title / level:	

Details of learner for which application is made:		
Name	Learner Registration No.	Post Code

Provide details of circumstances affecting performance in assessment:

Provide details of supporting evidence:
<p>Evidence in support of the application may include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Medical or psychological evidence • Statement from the invigilator / moderator Version

Provide details of the measures taken (or suggested)
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Partial absence

In cases of partial absence, please indicate an estimation of what the learner would have achieved in normal circumstances and list four learners estimated to be of a comparable standard.

Estimation of learner achievement

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List four learners estimated to be of a comparable standard:
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Learner Name	Learner Number

Name:	
Signature:	
Date	
Position at Centre:	
Contact Number:	
E-mail address:	

Appendix 4: Form to Apply for Reasonable Adjustments – Apprenticeship Assessment

A reasonable adjustment is any action that helps to reduce the effect of a disability or difficulty that places the learner at a substantial disadvantage in the assessment situation. Reasonable adjustments must not affect the reliability and validity of assessment outcomes and must be as rigorous as assessment methods used with other learners.

Please read the Reasonable Adjustment and Special Consideration policy and procedure prior to completing this form. The Permissions Table (Appendix 1) lists the most commonly requested adjustments to standard assessment arrangements. Reasonable adjustments permitted at the discretion of the centre should be agreed with the IQA and included in the sampling process for internal moderation. For all other reasonable adjustments please complete this form.

This form should be used by centres or employers to apply for reasonable adjustments on behalf of an apprentice undertaking an End-Point Assessment (AA). Requests must be submitted at least 15 working days prior to the assessment date, or 30 working days for requests involving Braille. All applications must comply with the relevant AA assessment plan and be supported by appropriate evidence.

PLEASE KEEP A COPY OF THIS APPLICATION FOR AT LEAST 3 YEARS FROM THE END OF THE YEAR TO WHICH IT RELATES

Centre name:	
Centre Number:	
Training Provider/Employer name:	
Assessment Location:	
Date of assessment:	
Time of assessment:	
Apprenticeship Standard Title	
AA Component:	

Details of Apprentice for which application is made:		
Name	Apprentice Registration No.	Post Code

Reason for application

Reasonable adjustments required:

Supporting evidence:

- This must include one or more of:
- The centre's assessments of candidate's / learner's needs
- history of provision within the centre
- medical certificate
- psychological or other professional assessment report.

Please provide details of supporting evidence:

Please provide details of how the reliability and validity of the assessment will be maintained:

Declaration:

I confirm that:

- the information in the application is accurate;
- the requested arrangements comply with the relevant AA assessment plan;
- - the centre/employer can provide the approved arrangements;
- - the centre/employer will not exceed the allowances granted.

Name:	
Signature:	
Date	
Position at Centre/Employer:	
Contact Number:	
E-mail address:	

For OCN London use only

Application Received:	Application acknowledged:	Application agreed:
Further action:		

Appendix 5: Form to apply for Special Consideration for Apprenticeship Assessment

Special consideration is a process that allows learners that suffer from temporary illness, injury or indisposition at the time of an assessment to demonstrate the achievement they are capable of for the units that are subject to special consideration.

Special consideration may be given following a scheduled assessment to a learner:

- who is present for the assessment but who may have been disadvantaged by temporary illness, injury or adverse circumstances which arose at or near the time of the assessment;
- where alternative assessment arrangements which were agreed in advance of the assessment prove inappropriate or inadequate;
- who misses part of the assessment due to circumstances outside their control.

A learner will NOT be eligible for special consideration if:

- no evidence is supplied by the centre that the learner has been affected at the time of the assessment by a particular condition;
- any part of the assessment is missed due to personal arrangements including holidays or unauthorised absence;
- preparation for the assessment is affected by difficulties during the course e.g. disturbances through building work, lack of proper facilities, changes in or shortages of staff or industrial disputes.

Centres should note that, where an assessment requires the learner to demonstrate practical competence, it may not be possible to apply special consideration. In addition, in some circumstances, it may be more appropriate to offer the learner an opportunity to take the assessment at a later date rather than apply special considerations. Please consult the Access to fair assessment policy and procedure prior to completion of the form.

This form should be used by centres or employers to apply for special consideration for an apprentice undertaking an End-Point Assessment (AA). This application should be submitted as soon as possible and no later than seven (7) working days after the assessment.

PLEASE RETAIN A COPY OF THIS FORM FOR AT LEAST 3 YEARS FROM THE END OF THE YEAR TO WHICH IT RELATES

Centre name:	
Centre Number:	
Training Provider/Employer:	
Assessment Location:	
Date of assessment:	
Time of assessment:	
Apprenticeship Standard Title	
AA Component	

Details of learner for which application is made:		
Name	Apprentice Registration No.	Post Code

Provide details of circumstances affecting performance in assessment:

Provide details of supporting evidence:
<p>Evidence in support of the application may include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Medical or psychological evidence • Statement from the invigilator / moderator Version

Provide details of the measures taken (or suggested)
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Partial absence

In cases of partial absence, please estimate what the apprentice would have achieved under normal circumstances and list four apprentices of a comparable standard.

Estimation of learner achievement

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List four Apprentices estimated to be of a comparable standard:	
Learner Name	Learner Number

Learner Name	Learner Number

Declaration:

I confirm that:

- the information provided is accurate;
- the apprentice was affected at or near the time of the AA;
- the request complies with the AA assessment plan.

Name:	
Signature:	

Date	
Position at Centre:	
Contact Number:	
E-mail address:	

For OCN London use only

Application Received:	Application acknowledged:	Application agreed:
Further action:		

Internal use only

Document version control			
Version number	Change or update	Author or owner	Date
1.0	First version	Steph Hulford	1 April 2024
1.1	Second Version	Lisa Bowdery	1 July 2025
1.2	Third Version - added references to Access to HE Diplomas	Sarah Francis	23 February 2026