



PALESTINE
SHELTER CLUSTER

Coordinating Humanitarian Shelter and Settlements

NATIONAL SHELTER CLUSTER MEETING

22 January 2025

AGENDA

- Introductions
- General Update
- Gaza Updates
- WB Updates
- IM Update
- Technical Update
- Partner Introduction
- AOB

INTRODUCTIONS

Choungkyu Ryu (CK)– National Cluster Coordinator

natco.palestine@sheltercluster.org

Maher Alabed– Sub-National Coordinator Gaza

coord2.palestine@sheltercluster.org

Fadi Shamisti – Sub-National Coordinator West Bank

coord1.palestine@sheltercluster.org

Iyad Abu Hammam – Gaza Coordinator

coord.gaza@sheltercluster.org

Mohammad Aklouk – IMO

im1.palestine@sheltercluster.org

Leandro Fernandez-Jardon – Technical Coordinator

techco.palestine@sheltercluster.org

<https://sheltercluster.org/response/palestine>

GENERAL UPDATE

- Partnership Development / Stakeholder Management
 - USAID/BHA: Shelter cluster gap analysis/shelter kit & tent stock-pipeline analysis
 - UN 2720 Mechanism: Available service and eligibility of the shelter partners
 - CRF-Housing Sector: A coordinated humanitarian-development transition
 - ECHO: Energy solutions under humanitarian crisis/ceasefire plan
 - Log Cluster Meeting: Solutions for the palletization of shelter kits
 - Site Management Working Group: Humanitarian-Development sequencing/SS priority
 - OCHA: Return to the damaged home in Gaza - UXO, HLP, damage assessment
 - Interagency Helpline: Protection and Enhanced Accountability during the distribution
 - WASH Cluster: NFI assistance comparison/collaboration with SC/SMWG
 - FCDO (24th) : UK donor coordination/shelter and vulnerability (disability and children)

GENERAL UPDATE

- Strategic Plan/Information Management
 - Daily update of Gaza Humanitarian Response by Information Management
 - Shelter Cluster Dashboard Upgrade: Final review was completed before the official launching
 - Shelter Severity Classification: Initiated and coordinating with GSC
 - Shelter and Protection: Emphasizing the needs for winterization, challenges with palletization, and needs for a coordinated humanitarian-development transition to prevent further harm
 - Shelter Cluster Strategy 2025: Previous versions were consolidated as one document providing overarching structure with tailored strategies for Gaza and WB
 - Ceasefire plan development: SAG meeting agreeing upon general approach/data analysis
 - Q1: Who and what type of intervention should be prioritized?
 - Q2: What advocacy message is the most critical? (Logistic/access/security)
 - Q3: Multi-sectoral needs-damage assessment/decommission of makeshift shelters/population tracking
 - Q4: What supports is the urgently needed from the SC to the partners?
 - Q5: For effective response under ceasefire, is it needed to develop a clear geo/task- split?

GENERAL UPDATE

- Aligned Operation / Advocacy
 - Initiation of ESK Procurement with the risk of palletization/delivery challenge
 - Invitation to the shelter cluster for non-coordinating actors on the field
 - Application to the IOM Common Pipeline and UN 2720 Mechanism
 - Promoting protection of people-in-need during the distribution of shelter kit/NFI
 - The SC continues to follow up with the Log Cluster and key stakeholders to facilitate lift up the palletization restriction in shelter items delivery
 - The SC continues strengthening partnership with SMWG, HLPTWG, WASH, and UNMAS for an aligned/coordinated humanitarian interventions while continues emphasizing seamless humanitarian-development transition with the development actor for recovery/reconstruction
 - The SC continues supporting shelter partner's intervention in both Gaza and West Bank by disseminating information, providing technical guidance, collecting 5Ws and connecting relevant partners/stakeholders

GAZA UPDATES

Ceasefire Plan Key Points

1. Evolving Situation and Response Adaptation The situation is expected to evolve significantly as internally displaced persons (IDPs) move and return to their areas. This dynamic will create new and diverse needs for returnees, requiring the Shelter Cluster and Partners to adapt response strategies to effectively address emerging challenges and provide comprehensive support. Shelter partners should remain flexible and responsive to the evolving context to ensure targeted and efficient assistance.

2. Update Pipelines and Stocks Recent analysis indicates that our current stock and pipeline supplies will cover a limited number of individuals, highlighting the need for continued support and resource mobilization.

	Shelter						NFI
	Framing Kit	Tool Kit	Sealing Off Kit	Tarpaulin Pieces	ESK	Tent	Bedding Items
Completed /Stock	-	-	3,144	9,030	-	2,561	10,000
Completed procurement/Pipeline	-	1,200	6,430	38,180	-	32,794	1,100,000
On-Going /Pipeline	2,260	600	14,765	-	-	4,050	1,000
Total	2,260	1,800	24,339	23,605	-	39,405	1,111,000
Grand Total					52,004	39,405	1,111,000

GAZA UPDATES

Stock and Pipeline Coverage for Individuals:

	Stock Covering Individuales	
All GS	NFIS(Bedding)	Shelter
	10,000	36,800

	Pipeline Covering Individuales	
All GS	NFIS(Bedding)	Shelter
	1,100,100	422,000

Despite these efforts, gaps have been identified, requiring enhanced coordination to meet the needs of all displaced populations.

3. Gaps in Shelter and NFI Coverage

The current analysis highlights significant gaps in coverage, with unmet needs persisting despite available stock and pipeline supplies. The following gaps have been identified:

	Gap in Individuales	
All GS	NFIS	Shelter (Tents Or ESK)
	279,900	959,200

Efforts are ongoing to address these shortfalls through advocacy, resource mobilization, and enhanced coordination with relevant stakeholders.

GAZA UPDATES

4. **Prioritized Items for Access Due to ongoing restrictions** on the entry of building materials and dual-use items into Gaza, the Shelter Cluster will continue prioritizing the distribution of available items until conditions change. **The current focus remains on providing** Emergency Shelter Kits (ESK), Framing Kits, Non-Food Items (NFIs), Tents, Sealing Off Kits (SOK), and Tarpaulins to meet immediate shelter and household needs.

- **Emergency Shelter Kits (ESKs):** Contain tarpaulins, fixing materials, framing materials, and hand tools to support makeshift shelters and partially damaged housing.
- **Sealing-Off Kits (SOKs):** For weatherproofing and winterization of shelters.
- **Tents:** High-quality, internationally approved tents to provide immediate shelter solutions.
- **Non-Food Items (NFIs):** Bedding, cooking utensils, and seasonal necessities for affected families.

Among these items, **ESKs and Framing Kits are the top priority once logistical challenges are resolved** with the Logistics Cluster.

GAZA UPDATES

5. Targeting and Vulnerability Criteria As people begin moving, **the focus will be on displaced returnees**; however, **assistance will continue** to follow the vulnerability and **targeting criteria outlined in the provided framework**. This approach ensures that support is distributed based on needs, vulnerabilities, and contextual analysis, while enhancing social cohesion.

Key Vulnerability Criteria:

- Persons with disabilities or serious medical conditions.
- Women and girls at risk, including female-headed households.
- Older persons (60+), children at risk, and minority groups.
- Settlement-level vulnerabilities such as unsafe areas and lack of access to basic services.

What are the vulnerability criteria recommended by Shelter Cluster Palestine?

Individual vulnerability criteria

1. Persons with disabilities or injury.
2. Persons with chronic illness and serious medical conditions (including mental health issues).
3. Older persons (60+).
4. Women and girls at risk.
5. Women head of household.
6. Children at risk.
7. Members of minority groups.
8. People with socio-economic hardship.

Settlement-level vulnerabilities indicators

1. Unsafe Areas.
2. Areas that are targeted for evacuation.
3. Lack of access to basic services like water and sanitation.
4. Limited access to Livelihoods, Social Services, Infrastructures or/and markets...

Shelter specific vulnerabilities

1. Sleeping outside.
2. Risk of UXO.
3. Structurally damaged building.
4. Substandard shelter.
5. Risk of eviction.
6. Not enough space for the number of inhabitants.

The vulnerabilities related to shelter & settlements depend on many factors and require the participation and collaboration of other sectors (WASH, Protection, Livelihoods, etc).

Targeting*

1. Based on needs
2. Based on vulnerabilities
3. Based on context analysis
4. Based on barriers
5. Enhance social cohesion

Exclusion (or non-prioritization):

HHs that have a safe place to stay
HHs that have the means to carry out the repairs themselves
HHs that are receiving other equivalent assistance

*There are many requests from partners being shared for tents for their staff in order for the response to continue. The cluster recommends that vulnerable displaced people are prioritised. However, staff doing lifesaving activities may also be prioritised.

GAZA UPDATES

6. Priority Response The Shelter Cluster's immediate response efforts will focus on providing lifesaving shelter and NFI assistance to the most vulnerable populations, prioritizing:

- Provision of ESKs and tents to IDPs returning to their areas of damaged or destroyed buildings, in addition to IDPs in existing shelter sites and host communities with a focus on hard-to-reach areas that were outside the "humanitarian Zone"
- Household NFI kit distribution to families in centers and self-settled locations, including areas where families have returned to their land or partially damaged houses.
- Sealing off kits (tarpaulins, toolkits, framing kits, and tents) to support shelter winterization and enable safe living conditions.
- Distribution of emergency shelter kits (ESK) to create, improve, and upgrade makeshift shelters, transitioning from core emergency solutions to temporary, transitional, and permanent shelter options.
- Tents distribution in middle and southern areas to reduce overcrowding.
- Upscaling winterization efforts for degraded shelters and supporting flood-risk areas.
- Support to collective centers in UN and non-UN facilities with shelter improvements and essential household items.

GAZA UPDATES

- With the anticipated movement of IDPs, and the initial feedback of massive destructions in many neighborhoods, Shelter partners are conducting a rapid assessment for areas potentially having some remaining buildings partially damaged or having space to erect a tent or Emergency shelter adjacent or close to destroyed homes.
- Although a lot of trucks are reported to have entered during the last couple of days, we have no information about any received Shelter NFIs or their quantities, more efforts are needed to set up a system of information sharing by the logs cluster to relevant clusters and their respective partners.
- Shelter partners who **receive referrals or lists** from other parties are required to verify the needs of the affected people and **respond based on their verification and assessment**.
- **We are still following up on updates regarding the prioritization mechanism. If there are any changes or new guidelines, we will adjust our approach accordingly to ensure that the most critical items are prioritized for delivery.**

GAZA UPDATES

Key Challenges and Immediate Actions

1. ERW Clearing and Debris Management Summary

While ERW clearance and debris management fall under the responsibility of specialized actors, **shelter partners** will focus on the following key actions:

Supporting Assessments:

- Provide shelter-specific insights **to help identify critical areas for intervention.**
- **Support ongoing rapid assessments** conducted by specialized actors.
- Advocate with relevant stakeholders to ensure debris clearance is recognized as the first priority for shelter interventions
- Advocate for access to essential resources, including fuel, equipment, and materials necessary for shelter operations.

GAZA UPDATES

2- Unhindered access to IDPs:

- access to IDPs for providing essential services and assistance.
- **Identify and map** key access challenges and potential **alternative routes**.
- Strengthen communication with IDPs
- Ensure contingency stockpiling in accessible areas to prevent supply chain disruptions.
- Transportaion

GAZA UPDATES

3 - **Access to essential shelter items (ESKs, SDKs, tarps, tents, SNFI)**, Current restrictions hinder timely and effective assistance, delaying critical shelter interventions and impacting affected populations:

Advocacy with relevant stakeholders to prioritize shelter items in entry negotiations.

Adequate supply of timber and tools. Framing kits

- Adequate supply of timber and tools to support the construction of makeshift shelters.
- Sufficient materials for minor repairs and weatherproofing of partially damaged housing units.

4-Reliable fuel supply:

Fuel is **essential** for distributions and assessments; efforts should focus on advocating for prioritized fuel allocation to support **humanitarian operations** effectively

GAZA UPDATES

5- Risk Awareness and Mitigation for Returnees to Damaged Buildings

Provision of IEC materials:

- Provide clear, accessible **guidance on the proper use** of distributed **shelter materials**.
- Implement **self-assessment** tools to help returnees **identify and mitigate** structural risks.
- **Raise awareness about safety practices**, including strategies to address ERW hazards.

GAZA UPDATES

6- HLP Security of tenure discussions and coordination

Discussions are ongoing with relevant partners to address immediate actions related to HLP security of tenure and other key topics, such as the use of empty buildings

7-Monitor IDP movements, collect data, and map new sites with partner support.

Provide assistance based on identified and verified needs.

The SMWG has **issued a document detailing the site-to-site population and needs monitoring plan to track displacement** trends, demographic changes, and key sectoral needs across sites during the ceasefire. The **Shelter Cluster will work closely with SMWG** to analyze displacement patterns, develop targeting criteria, coordinate assistance along displacement routes, and provide guidance to field teams for adapting responses based on evolving needs.

GAZA UPDATES

Notes:

- With the anticipated movement of IDPs, and the initial feedback of massive destructions in many neighborhoods, **Shelter partners are conducting a rapid assessment for areas potentially having some remaining buildings partially damaged or having space to erect a tent or Emergency shelter adjacent or close to destroyed homes.**
- Although a lot of trucks are reported to have entered during the last couple of days, we have no information about any received Shelter NFIs or their quantities, more efforts are needed to set up a system of information sharing by the logs cluster to relevant clusters and their respective partners.
- Shelter partners who **receive referrals or lists** from other parties are required to verify the needs of the affected people and **respond based on their verification and assessment.**
- **We are still following up on updates regarding the prioritization mechanism. If there are any changes or new guidelines, we will adjust our approach accordingly to ensure that the most critical items are prioritized for delivery.**

WB UPDATES

1. Situation in Jenin Camp

- Tensions remain high in Jenin Camp due to ongoing intra-Palestinian conflicts.
- Recent figures indicate that **2,500 families (77%) out of 3,250** have been displaced outside the camp.
- Both displaced and non-displaced families require essential **Non-Food Items (NFIs)**.
- Due to uncertain conditions and limited access to work inside the camp, many partners plan to provide **Multi-Purpose Cash Assistance (MPCA)** of approximately **1,700 ILS per displaced family**.

2. Increase in Shelter Demolitions

- January 2025 has witnessed a significant rise in shelter demolitions compared to the average for the same month in previous years.
- The trend is evidenced by the increased volume of financial assistance provided to displaced families.
- **ACTED** will prepare an analysis of post-assistance monitoring to assess the impact of assistance and shelter demolitions on affected individuals, particularly regarding displacement (materials vs cash)

WB UPDATES

3. Development of the West Bank Inter-Agency Contingency Plan (IACP)

- Work is underway to develop and finalize the IACP for the West Bank. A workshop will be conducted in the first week of Feb.
- Scenario prediction will be based on current conditions and analysis of trends from the previous year across the West Bank.

4. Energy Assessment for Cluster Partners

- The Shelter Cluster, with support from NRC's regional office, will conduct an energy needs assessment for partners.
- A survey will be circulated next week to gather data, elaborate findings, and provide necessary technical support to cluster partners.

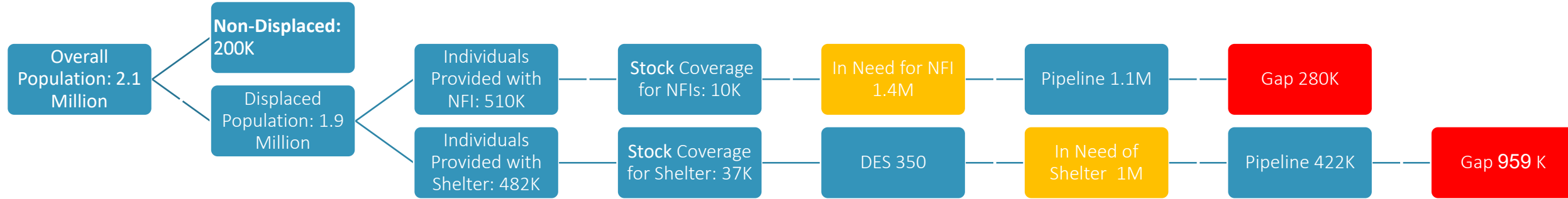


PALESTINE
SHELTER CLUSTER

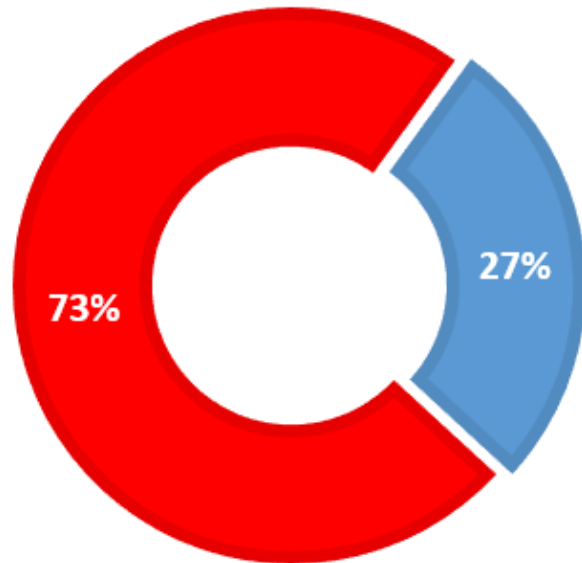
Coordinating Humanitarian Shelter and Settlements

IM UPDATE

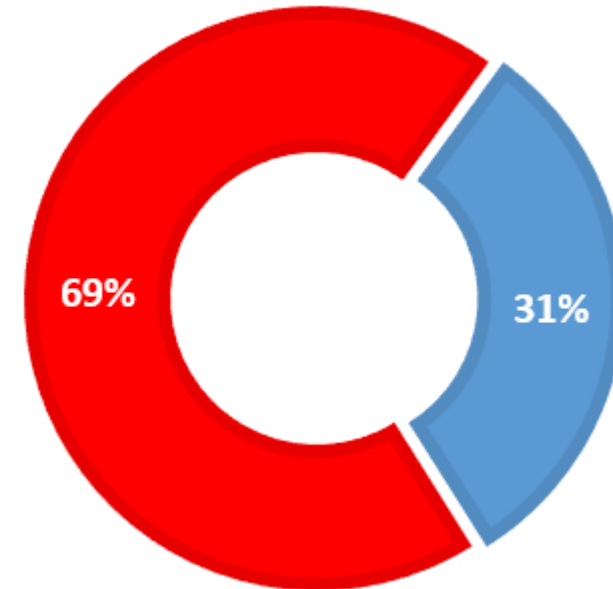
Gap Analysis (currents Status)



NFIs



Shelter



IM Updates- Stock Analysis

Items	Organization							Grand Total
	MAAN	CRS	UNRWA	ACTED	HEKS	NRC	PUI	
Tarpaulin	3,265	5,424				342		9,031
Blankets	2,400	4,328	258					6,986
Plastic Sheets (Transparent)	3,200		1,386					4,586
Mattresses	3,000	943		517	64			4,524
Searchlight	4,500							4,500
Sealing Off materials	150	522		517		1,955		3,144
Cloths	2,820							2,820
Tents		1,171	1,390					2,561
Kitchen Sets		1,384		517				1,901
Mats	40	16	758		260			1,074
Bedding set							812	812

IM Updates- Pipeline information Jan 2025

Items	Main Routes		
	Jordan	Egypt	Grand Total
Blankets	903,088	176,300	1,079,388
Mattresses	859,340	6,549	865,889
Mats	5,450	41,751	47,201
Cloths	46,816		46,816
Tarpaulin	38,180		38,180
Tents	23,303	13,541	36,844
Clothes	11,000	15,700	26,700
Sealing Off materials	11,450	9,745	21,195
Framing Kit	1,260	1,000	2,260
Tool Kit		1,800	1,800
Searchlight	258	1,200	1,458
Solar mosquito trap		1,200	1,200
Sleeping Bags		1,200	1,200
Kitchen kit	258		258

Recent Updated Damage Figures

Housing unit

Source :GMO Update date: 21 Jan 2025



- 161k(HU) = 34%** of the housing stock in Gaza is totally destroyed (housing units)
- 82k (HU) = 17%** of the housing stock in Gaza is severely damaged (housing unit)
- 194k(HU) = 41%** of the housing stock in Gaza is partially damaged (housing unit)
- 435k(HU) = 93%** of housing units in Gaza have been sustained some type of damage.

Source :UNOSAT Gaza Strip Comprehensive Building Damage Assessment

Buildings

Update date:01 Dec 2024

Destroyed

 60,368

Individual buildings

Severely damaged

 20,050

Individual buildings

Moderately damaged

 56,292

Individual buildings



PALESTINE
SHELTER CLUSTER

Coordinating Humanitarian Shelter and Settlements

TECHNICAL UPDATE

- Module 2 Repairs
- Sealing off repairs
- Assessment Flowchart
- IEC Sealing off and safety awareness messages
- ESK Workshop and guidance updates

Technical Updates



- Version 01.00 (Only English so far)
- Part I: Sealing off damaged dwellings (pre-ceasefire and immediately after)
- Part II: Technical Guidance for Emergency Repairs (post-ceasefire and when market is stable)

Technical Updates

Technical Note on

Sealing-off repairs on damaged buildings

First phase ceasefire scenario interventions

Given the scale of shelter needs across Gaza and the limited resources available, repair of damaged dwellings should prioritize closing the thermal envelope of essential habitable spaces (core spaces¹) in accordance with family size and, where feasible, restoring basic household water and sanitation services. The Shelter Cluster does not recommend high-cost permanent repairs at this stage, as most of the population lacks access to even the most basic shelter assistance, such as tents or tarpaulins. An equivalent level of assistance should be ensured for similar needs across different affected population groups to avoid exacerbating social tensions and undermining the credibility of Shelter Cluster partners. The “do no harm” principle, maximizing assistance coverage, and delivering assistance based on needs must guide all interventions. The [vulnerability criteria](#) of the Shelter Cluster in Gaza should drive the selection of beneficiaries.

Currently, **in-kind** assistance is the only recommended modality due to several factors, including:

ملاحظة فنية على

تسكير وإصلاح الأضرار في المباني

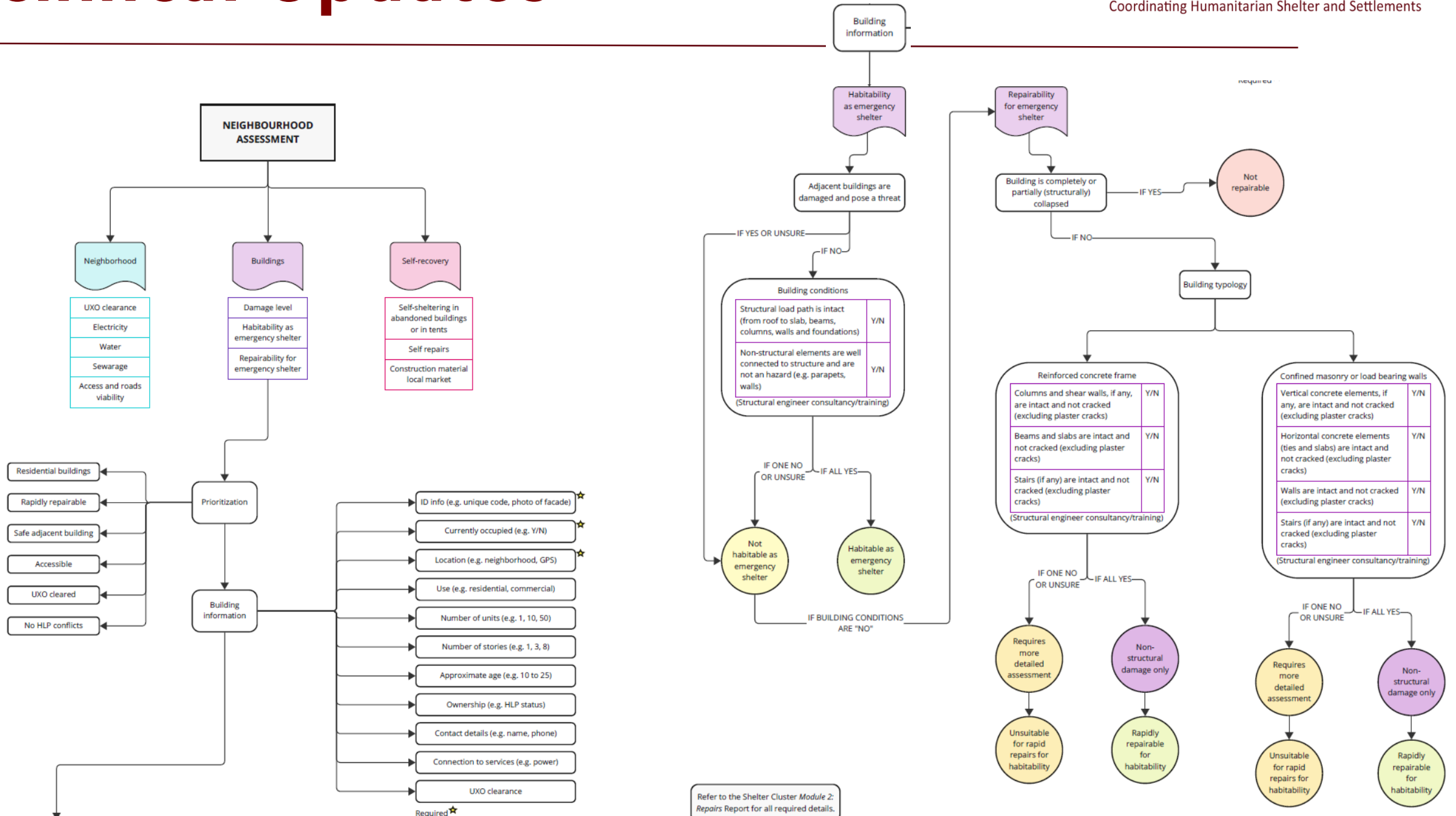
تدخلات المرحلة الأولى لسيناريو وقف إطلاق النار

نظرًا لحجم احتياجات المأوى في جميع قطاع غزة والموارد المحدودة المتاحة، يجب أن تُعطى الأولوية لإصلاح المساكن المتضررة من خلال إغلاق الغلاف الحراري للمساحات الحيوية الأساسية (المساحات الأساسية¹) بما يتناسب مع حجم الأسرة، وعند الإمكان، استعادة خدمات المياه والصرف الصحي المنزلية الأساسية. لا يوصى فريق تنسيق المأوى بإجراء إصلاحات دائمة ومرتبعة التكلفة في هذه المرحلة حيث أن معظم السكان يفتقرون الوصول إلى مساعدات المأوى الأساسية، مثل الخيام و الأغطية البلاستيكية (المشمع). كما يجب ضمان مستوى متساوٍ من المساعدة للاحتياجات المتشابهة بين مختلف مجموعات السكان المتضررة لتجنب المزيد من التوترات الاجتماعية والحفاظ على مصداقية شركاء قطاع المأوى. ويجب أن تتبع جميع المساعدات مبدأ "عدم التسبب بضرر"، مع تعزيز تغطية المساعدات وتقديمها بناءً على الاحتياجات. ويجب أن تقود معايير الفئات الأكثر ضعفًا التي وضعها قطاع المأوى في غزة عملية اختيار المستفيدين.

حاليًا، يوصى قطاع المأوى بتقديم المساعدة العينية فقط كوسيلة للتدخل للأسباب التالية:

<https://sheltercluster.org/palestine/documents/sealing-repairs-damaged-buildingsv0101>

Technical Updates



Technical Updates

RETURN TO PARTIALLY DAMAGED BUILDINGS: SEALING OFF AND SAFETY AWARENESS MESSAGES

Title	Return to partially damaged buildings: sealing off and safety awareness messages
Publisher	Ifernandezjardon
Date	Tuesday, January 21, 2025
Type	Technical Support and Design
Filename	Sealing off Kit for damaged dwellings_Shelter Cluster_English.pdf
Source	Shelter Cluster TSA WG, CRS
Response	Palestine
Language	English
Tags	IEC materials Emergency Early Recovery Plastic Sheeting Emergency Shelter Tools and Fixing Returns to Area of Origin
Description	IEC material on sealing damaged buildings and safety awareness messages.

@CRS JWBG

Also available in the following languages:

Arabic [Return to partially damaged buildings sealing off and safety awareness messages](#)



<https://sheltercluster.org/palestine/documents/return-partially-damaged-buildings-sealing-and-safety-awareness-messages>

Technical Updates

- ESK Workshop updates





PALESTINE
SHELTER CLUSTER

Coordinating Humanitarian Shelter and Settlements

Partner Introduction

OCHA

- o Damaged buildings and damage assessments
- o Shelters coming in – including North
- o Coordination of partners in the North
- o HLP in the North

UN2720 Mechanism

UN2720 Mechanism

Introduction for Shelter cluster

Intro to the UN2720 Mechanism

- In line with UNSCR 2720 (2023), the UN2720 Mechanism was established to **accelerate** the delivery of aid to Gaza through facilitation, coordination, monitoring and verification of the delivery of humanitarian relief consignments, in December 2023.

Intro to UN2720 Mechanism - Corridors

Jordan Corridor

- Operational since June 2024
- Two Routes:
 - Direct Route: In coordination with JHCO and Logistics Cluster, approved consignment requests are shipped directly to Gaza.
 - Back-to-Back Route: Following approval through the Mechanism, partners arrange their own shipping to Gaza.

Cyprus Maritime Corridor (CMC)

- Operational since April 2024
- Previously shipping via JLOTS, currently shipping to Ashdod port, Israel.

Egypt Corridor

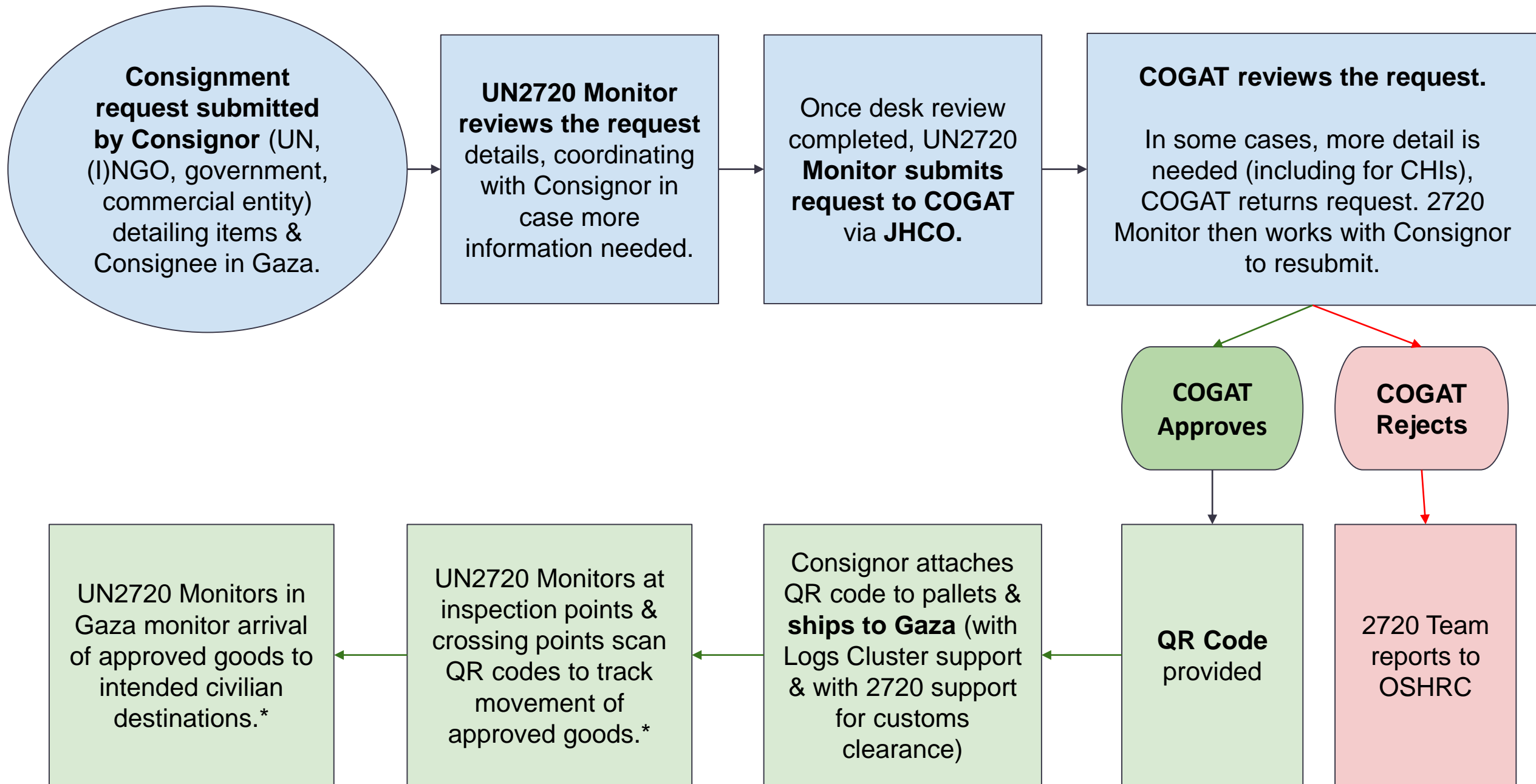
- Finalisation of technical solution to capture existing aid consignments managed by Egyptian Red Crescent (ERC) is ongoing.
- Expected to be operational in February 2025.

Other Routes

- **West Bank**: Operational - the Mechanism is receiving & processing requests.
- **Israel**: Operational - the Mechanism is receiving & processing requests.

Gaza:

- Monitors' deployed. Most logistics arrangements in place.



* Yet to be achieved fully with Monitor deployment pending

UN2720 Mechanism - Rejections & CHIs

Rejections:

- 58 requests rejected (6% of all requests received)
- 76% of rejections were due to Consignor/Consignee.
Majority of these are for 11 organisations who are not being approved by COGAT.

CHIs

- **74** requests flagged for CHIs (7% of all requests received).
- Approval time (for approved requests) between **1 day - 6.5 weeks**. Average 3 weeks.



Advice - submitting requests

General concerns

- Requests from less-known consignees and consignors will take longer and should have additional information about the **organisations**.
- Include **pictures** per single item.
- Provide information on **kit content** and equipment **parts**.
- Using the **standard packing list** spreadsheet speeds review and clearance
- Ensure internal **coherence** across the request.
- Avoid vague language and jargon.
- **Avoid mixing** sectors and types of assistance.
- **Avoid mixing** non-critical with critical items.

Extra documents

Good to provide, but requests can get approved without:

- Invoice.
- Export license.
- Bill of Lading.
- Certificates of Origin (necessary for some food products, not Shelter).
- Catalogs (generally nice to have but **must have** for tents).
- Other interesting information about the nature of the consignment, the project, the donor, or the implementing organisations.

Must have documents

Must provide:

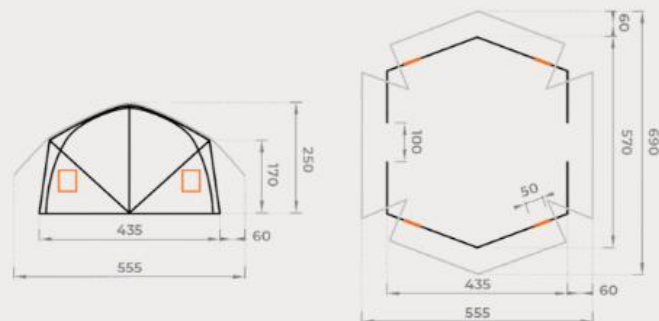
- Narrative summary description.
- Consignee and consignor contact information (Point of contact, Organization, Phone, e-mail, address with GPS).
- Pallets, weight, cost per unit, volume, packaging type.
- BoQ (automatically generated from the questionnaire).
- Packing List (Mechanism spreadsheet).
- Single pictures per type of item.
- Catalogs (for tents and equipment).

Sample catalog

BLUE TENT

FAMILY TENTS

BLUE TENT FOOTPRINT



PERFORMANCE AND CHARACTERISTICS

SHELF LIFE	Min. 5 years
LIFE SPAN	Min. 1 year in all climates
TREATMENT	Fungi/mold resistant treated
SETUP	Easy setup (15 min 3 persons)
WIND RESISTANCE	Up to 120 km/h

TENT FEATURES

DOORS	2 doors (90 x 170 cm)
WINDOWS	6 windows (50 x 50 cm), 2 on each side of the tent and 1 next each door
VENTILATION	6 ventilation openings (85 x 55 cm) at the top of the tentroof above the doors
CHIMNEY	1 chimney reinforcement

BLUE TENT

FAMILY TENTS



ICRC/IFRC/IOM STANDARD

CUSTOMER REFERENCE
HSHETENTF18
350000058

DESCRIPTION

- » Basic Living Unit for Emergency
- » 5 person self-standing geodesic family tent
- » Total living space of 18,3 m²
- » Easy to carry and set up
- » Rapid deployment shelter
- » Stable in strong winds
- » Comfortable in all climates

MAIN MATERIALS

OUTER TENT	Woven PE - ICRC/IFRC standard
GROUND SHEET	Woven PE - ICRC/IFRC standard
SHADE COVER	Woven PE - ICRC/IFRC standard
MOSQUITO NETTING	Polyester PVC coated
POLES	5 identical poles 834 cm l (Aluminium 6061-T6 Ø 18,5 mm)
PEGS	6 T Pegs (25 x 25 x 3 mm) 40 cm
COLOR	White

DIMENSIONS

LENGTH x WIDTH OUTER TENT	570 x 435 cm
CENTRAL HEIGHT	250 cm
DOOR HEIGHT	170 cm
SHADE COVER SURFACE	20 m ²
WEIGHT	46,5 kg

Samples from requests

Packing List												
OVERVIEW												
From – Sending Org	Commodity	Unit Net Weight (KG)	Unit Gross weight (Kg)	Unit of measure	No. of trucks	No. of pallets	Total no. of units	Total net weight (MT)	Total gross weight (MT)	US Value	To – Receiving Org	
JHCO	shoes	10	10.3	carton		48	3051	30510.00	31425.30			
TOTALS:						0	48	30510.00	31425.30	\$		

DETAILED ITEMISED												
Organisation	Consignment composition	#	Item / RTN Composition	Packaging Type	Weight per item (Kg)	# of items per kit	Value per item	Currency	Value per item (USD)	Total QTY: # items	Total weight (kg)	Total Value (USD)
JHCO	relief items	1	shoes	bulk	10	1		JD	\$	3051	30510	\$
TOTAL											30510	\$

Shipment Details

Shipment Route	Total Number of Pallets	Info
Jordan (JHCO 'Direct Route')	4	<p>Request UNOPS to facilitate customs clearance: Yes</p> <p>Submitting on behalf of: The Jordan Hashemite Charity Organization (JHCO)</p> <p>Type of Consignment: Humanitarian</p> <p>Narrative description of contents:</p> <p>This donation contains relief items with a quantity of 4 pallets such as:</p> <p>Blanket with a quantity of 120 one on 2 pallets</p> <p>Clothes with a quantity of 11 carton on 2 pallets</p>



Shelter - Foreign Relations Department review of Critical Items

- Critical Items that could be flagged: tents, flashlights, kitchen sets, solar equipment, construction materials and equipment, technical equipment of agencies.

If your request has any such items:

- Separate into two requests critical and non-critical
- Prepare pictures per part
- Mention measurements in the packing list, BoQ, and summary
- Upload Catalog information
- Prepare the FRD pre-clearance form

Foreign Relations Department Pre-clearance form

1. Item Cluster
2. Item Name
3. Item Quantity
4. Item Description
5. Item Image(s)
6. Technical Specifications
7. Sending Entity
8. Procuring or Donating Entity
9. Place of Origin
10. Entry Corridor
11. Receiving Entity
12. Location of Use or Distribution (Long/Lat coordinates).
13. Governorate(s)
14. Purpose of Use or Distribution

Questions?

IOM Common Pipeline



IOM COMMON PIPELINE





IOM STRATEGIC PLAN FOR GAZA

Provide lifesaving humanitarian aid

through **water, sanitation and hygiene (WASH), shelter and non-food items (NFIs)**

Strengthen emergency response

through supplying **technical expertise and capacity development** for partners in Gaza



WHAT IS THE COMMON PIPELINE?

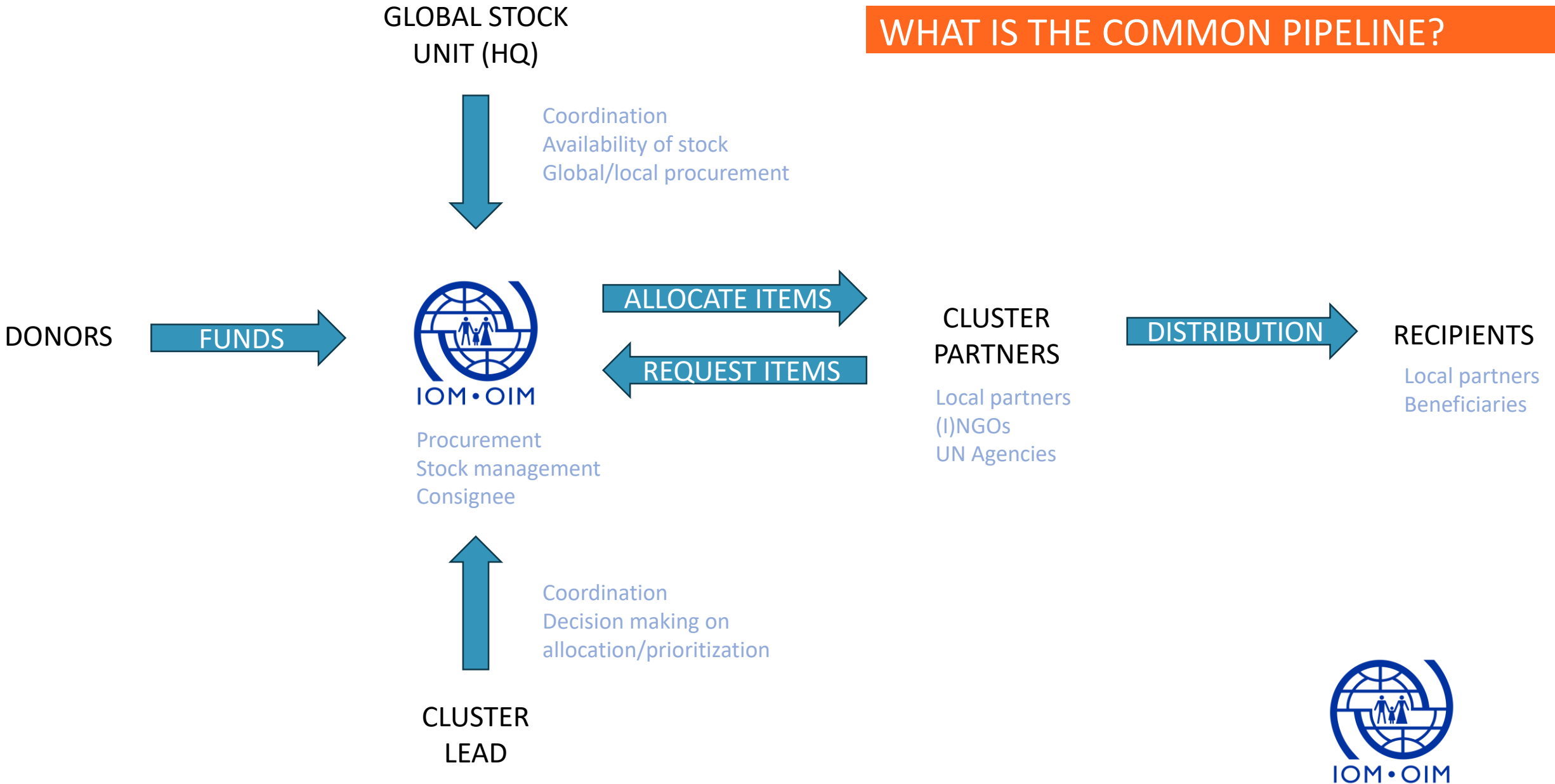
The Common Pipeline (CP) is an IOM-managed procurement and distribution modality of core Shelter/NFI and WASH items, implemented in close coordination with Logistic Clusters, Shelter Clusters, WASH clusters and with pre-selected partners.

- The CP ensures **faster procurement** of quality emergency items by prepositioning from global stocks and available long-term agreements (LTAs)
- Prioritization of materials follows **cluster needs assessments** and priorities
- **Specifications** are standardized and in line with Shelter and WASH cluster specifications
- IEC materials are provided so beneficiaries understand how to use items
- IOM coordinates with active actors in mine risk education and delivers **safety and awareness materials** along with the relief items
- In tandem, IOM provides **technical support and capacity building** on how to use the CP, and acts as a consignee if needed

The CP for Gaza was established in February 2024, to support the transportation and distribution of core emergency assistance to affected populations



WHAT IS THE COMMON PIPELINE?



IOM COMMON PIPELINE

IOM ROLE

- Coordinate the Common Pipeline
- Provide items with no cost recovery
- Procure items and preposition at closest points to Gaza
- Obtain clearance of items
- Unify the item specifications
- Provide IEC materials
- Provide logistical support to Gaza borders
- Provide technical support to receiving partners
- Provide Shelter and WASH cluster support: i.e. technical support, collaborate on design of items/kits, empower clusters by authorizing decision-making power
- Archive all documentation submitted by CP partner

PARTNER ROLE

- Act as enablers
- Collect items from borders
- Provide Last Mile transportation
- Facilitate distribution of items
- Provide warehousing of items in Gaza, if needed
- All partners are responsible for the appropriate use of supplies according to their activity plans coordinated with the clusters, and in line with the CP agreement



ACCESS TO IOM COMMON PIPELINE

ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA

- ✓ The organization is officially registered
- ✓ The organization has presence in OPT and geographical presence in Gaza
- ✓ The organization is part of the relevant Cluster in OPT
- ✓ The organization has sufficient staff in Gaza to carry out the activities
- ✓ The organization has sufficient resources to cover all the related costs of the items from IOM handover of items to the distribution to beneficiaries
- ✓ **FOR BHA-FUND PROJECTS:** The organization is successfully vetted through BHA's Vetting Platform System (PVS) and meets the requested standards imposed by the donor. The organization has in place all necessary mechanisms and documentation requested in the CP agreement.
- ✓ An agreement is in place and active with IOM for the CP programme



VERIFICATION OF PARTNER ELIGIBILITY

STEP ONE: Cluster verification (determine partner involvement in clusters)

- **Register online on Gaza Common Pipeline system:**
<https://airtable.com/appO8NRED5tKWxk7u/pagkyKEJcJu74Wm5v/form>
 - **Password:** iomcommonpipeline
- The requests will be reviewed by the CP focal points in coordination with the relevant cluster and cross-checked with the eligibility criteria
- Upload Registration Certificate



VERIFICATION OF PARTNER ELIGIBILITY

STEP TWO: BHA vetting- for BHA fund

- For USAID-funded partners, all field staff are to be vetted
- A form is provided by BHA that should be filled by partners. This form and all required documents are to be shared with IOM
- IOM will submit to BHA on USAID's PVS system
- Partners are to sign Data Protection Notice annex, provided by IOM, for the use of the personal data of key individuals in the organization



VERIFICATION OF PARTNER ELIGIBILITY

STEP THREE: IOM official request

- Once steps one and two are successfully verified, IOM will provide the CP agreement to be signed
- Once agreement is signed, partners can request available items through IOM's CP
- The request for supplies will be reviewed by IOM and relevant clusters
- IOM has other funding that doesn't require vetting, partners can register for that.



VETTING REQUIREMENTS

For USAID-BHA projects only

- Fill PIF form
- Key individual information:
 - Principal officers of the organization's governing body (e.g., chairman, vice chairman, treasurer and secretary of the board of directors or board of trustees)
 - The principal officer and deputy principal officer of the organization (e.g., executive director, deputy director, president, or vice president)
 - The programme manager or chief of party for the USAID-financed programme; and any other person with significant responsibilities for administration of IOM items, related activities or resources
 - Persons involved in the direct management of the resources i.,e. Deputy Chief of Party, Finance/Grants Manager, and compliance officer
 - Send the key individuals IDs
- Request form: <https://forms.fillout.com/t/asH5aXaBmdus>



DISTRIBUTIONS

PRE-ASSESSMENTS



- An assessment should be conducted and uploaded to the system.
- IOM has a KI and observational tool for shelter, approved by the shelter cluster.
- WASH assessments, WASH Cluster developed an assessment, using the same.

DURING DISTRIBUTIONS

- During distribution, the partner shall comply with the data protection clauses in the Agreement and IOM's Data Protection Principles.
- When collecting the personal data (including photos or videos) of beneficiaries, the partner shall use a general consent form and the Audio-Visual Consent Form, when applicable.
- The partner is required to report any loss or damaged items as soon as possible in writing to IOM. If the loss of items is caused by fire, theft, looting or other security incidents, the partner must submit the Lost/Damaged Item Report to IOM. Please note that this information might be shared with donors, upon their request.

DISTRIBUTIONS

POST-DISTRIBUTION



MONITORING AND EVALUATION

- The partner should submit to IOM a detailed Distribution Report With photos if possible.
- **Submit distribution report:**
<https://airtable.com/appO8NRED5tKWxk7u/pagtJNGyTi6WcSouW/form>

- Flexible.
- Adjustable to the evolving circumstance and suggestions of partners.



FOR ANY QUESTIONS OR CONCERNS REACH OUT TO
gazacommonpipeline@iom.int

Interagency Helpline/Protection

NEXT MEETINGS

National Shelter Cluster Meeting (Online)

Wednesday 5th February, 10:30 – 12:00

West Bank Shelter Cluster Meeting (Online)

Wednesday 29th January, 10:00 – 11:30

Gaza Shelter Cluster meeting (In person)

Sunday 26th January, 10:30 – 12:00, JHC JHOC KY



PALESTINE
SHELTER CLUSTER

Coordinating Humanitarian Shelter and Settlements