

Baidoa Public Site Meeting – July 18, 2018

Participants: List Attached

Welcoming remarks made by: Ministry of Humanitarian Affairs and Disaster Management, Governor, State Minister of Planning office, Ministry for Resettlement and Diaspora Affairs.

Briefing on public site:

- After Mogadishu evictions in December, a meeting was by the Mayor of Baidoa called to discuss how to avoid mass evictions in SWS. The local government has identified 2 pieces of land for IDPS if they would like to settle there. This would ensure lack of evictions and improved living conditions for IDPS plus be more efficient for service provision.
- In April, the north site was assessed to see if it was adequate for settlement. The only issue was that it was far away and security needed to be improved which the government agreed to.
- Currently, Baidoa is hosting 44,995 IDP HH. 300,000 plus individuals in 377 IDP sites. MTT is showing that every day more IDPS arrive. It is expected that the number of private sites will continue to increase.
- Evictions are frequent and infrastructure on evicted sites is demolished. Since January, 3,665 HH have been evicted from 25 settlements.
- Service provision is poor and below minimum standards.

Briefing on Galkayo relocation by OCHA

- North Galkayo has 34 settlements and around 100,000 IDPS.
- Government decided to allocate public land to IDPS to alleviate a host of problems that IDP sites were experiencing such as gatekeeper extortion, poor living conditions for new arrivals and the scattered nature of settlements making a challenge to serve.
- 2 plots have been purchased for 17,000 IDPS.
- Government approached the partners and established a task force (chaired by government and protection cluster) to guide the relocation and ensure it was a collective effort. Task force developed a relocation framework with three phase—pre relocation, relocation and post relocation (service delivery and linking with durable solutions).
- The timeframe was discussed and agreed on a 1 year timeframe. Technical teams were developed for different tasks to work with IDPS and site planner to develop the site and to ensure community participation, defining roles and responsibilities, mapping of resources *etc.*

Relocation in Dollow by IOM CCCM and UNICEF emergency section

- IDPS started arriving in Dollow in 2011. The government allocated public land in 2 locations for IDPS.
- In 2016, another wave of displaced people came due to drought. New arrivals were crowded; services were far away. Local government allocated more space adjacent to existing sites for new arrivals and requested site planning to improve service provision and living conditions. Today there are around 70,000 people living in these 2 sites.
- CCCM replanned the site to give increased plot sizes and bring service areas closer to the people. More than 10,000 people have been internally relocated. WASH systems were vastly improved to exceed sphere standards to 1 family shared latrine to 4 families and 15 liters per person of water per day.

Currently Available Resources for Public Site

CCCM

- IOM: will provide a site planner to work with task force and appropriate partners to plan site and links with urban expansion through UNHABITAT. CCCM will provide relocation team for movement, coordinating task force and service provision, community sensitization and go and sees visits.
- DRC: doing intentions surveys for willingness of IDPS to move to new site and other info to link to durable solutions

Durable Solutions/ Development Partners

- UNHABITAT: Will support the linkage of site planning with overall town planning aspect using area based planning approach to connect current down town with the proposed sites. Will support the consultation process with government to make an area plan. Midnimo project for hardware (improving access roads) and CwC – campaigns, awareness raising. Available in the second half of August.
- IOM: MIDNIMO team met with co facilitation team to identify areas that they can support from the Baidoa community action plan. This includes the construction of health facilities, construction of police posts, street lighting, construction of schools, rehabbing of access roads, community meeting venues, provision of water system improvement.

WASH

- UNICEF: funding for 2 motorized boreholes for the site and has funding for sanitation and aiming for family shared latrines. There will also be capacity building on operational maintenance for infrastructure plus hygiene promotion.
- IOM: drilling a borehole plus sustainable water supply systems, hygiene promotion, sanitation and water trucking during the construction of water supply systems.
- NRC: boreholes at the side of the new site which can be extended to the new site (currently serving 13 IDP sites) through piping.
- DRC: Can support the drilling of boreholes.

Health

- Cluster FP: There is the possibility of relocating services to new sites and discuss at the new cluster meeting.

Shelter

- Cluster FP: Need to mobilize partners and bring it up at shelter cluster meeting. Can move resources around.
- UNHCR: tents are available and can support most vulnerable households.
- IOM: Funding for 4000 HHs to receive relocation support.

Education

- Education cluster: no funds yet but will advocate to national cluster.

Nutrition:

- Cluster FP: Nutrition cluster has a good number of partners active and funded and will discuss at next cluster meeting.

FSL

- Cluster FP: To be discussed at cluster meeting
- WFP will continue to support neighbouring towns with FSL so to decrease pull factor.

Protection

- Cluster FP: Prevention and response can be extended to new sites as well as GBV and CP services
- NRC is working on HLP aspect with government to confirm land tenure.

Security

- Government will support and provide personnel for the proposed construction of 2 police posts with support from partners.
- DSS: Need to ensure that police have capacity to respond (fuel, vehicles, staff etc)

Task Force Membership

- 2 co-chairs: CCCM Cluster and Government Rep
- 1 seat per cluster
- 3 seats for government: 1 regional, 1 state, 1 local
- 1 durable solutions partner
- 5 UN agency: OCHA, UNICEF, UNHCR, UNHABITAT, WFP
- 2 INGO
- 2 NNGO

Nomination for INGO and NNGO will be coordinated through the NGO consortium.

All nominations for seats on task force should be sent to Abubakar Ibrahim by 27th of July.

First task force meeting to be called first week of August.

Special working groups will be created by task force for technical or operational issues and presented to task force for decision making.

Key Considerations for Task Force

- Agree on roles and responsibilities
- Agree on beneficiary selection criteria
- Site Security involving appropriate government and Amisom
- Protection Risk analysis –should be joint analysis on security, exploitation, gatekeepers, pull factor, and how to mitigate.
- Community Consultations/ Go and See Visits – community engagement strategy
- Draft Relocation Plan- Draft Site Plan after consultation with relevant clusters/ government/ community
- Short term vs long term plans and linking with DS and development partners